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JACK'S COAT.

BY LAURA J. RITTENHOUSE.

Jack Turner looked gloomily out of the window, his handsome face disfigured by a scowl.

"It's always so. Just as sure as I have a chance for a good time, some obstacle arises to prevent it. Howard has a pass for me, and my trip south wouldn't cost me a cent, if only I had something decent to wear."

Mrs. Turner dropped her work and sighed.

"It does seem hard, Jack, but I really don't see how to help it. If we should buy you a summer suit now you'd have to wear your old suit again next winter, you know," she said plaintively.

"Oh, I known that well enough, mother, so it isn't worth while talking about it. It seems to me I've heard of nothing but poverty all my life. We're so poor, Job's turkey wouldn't associate with us," he said, savagely, then stalked from the room with the air of a martyr.

His sister Doris went on darning steadily for awhile.

"I'm ever so sorry for poor Jack," she said at last, a suspicion of tears in her voice. "I wish I could help him some way, but I'm afraid I can't manufacture a suit of clothes for him. I really do believe I could make him a coat and vest, though, if only I had the material. You know I am an expert maker of pockets and buttonholes, and you often say my pressing is equal to a tailor's."

Mrs. Turner's face brightened.

"Yes, you are splendid at that kind of thing, Doris. I think it is a gift; or perhaps it is only a delicate touch, a true eye, and unlimited patience. Whatever the quality may be, I know I do not possess it. Jack would never wear a coat made by his mother," and she laughed softly at the idea.

"Suppose he had a coat and vest, mother, has he any trousers fit to wear south?" asked Doris.

"Yes; those dark gray ones could be sponged and pressed till they'd look as good as new."

Doris put down her darning, ran upstairs and returned in a moment with the full skirt of a black gown on her arm. Her face was radiant.

"Jack can go, mother. I can get a coat and vest out of this gown, with careful cutting. The material is lovely, silk and wool, even finer than is ordinarily used for gentlemen. My big brother will be quite a swell in it," she said, merrily.

"Why, Doris, you surely don't intend to use that good gown in that way? It is the only decent one you have for cool days," remonstrated Mrs. Turner.

"Indeed I do, mother. I can wear my old brilliantine by freshening it up with a new facing and ribbons, and dear old Jack shall have his outing."

"But Jack will not allow you to sacrifice your best dress for him, Doris."

"Jack will know nothing about it. I can easily find out his measures, and I know where I can get good patterns. If he asks questions, I'll evade them so skilfully he'll think we've had a sudden streak of good luck," the girl said, gayly.

"But it doesn't seem fair, Doris. If Jack would give up smoking, he could soon save money enough to buy his clothes himself," Mrs. Turner protested.

"Now, mother dear, don't you fret about your daughter. I'll have such jolly times, and chatter and beam and smile upon people so broadly that they'll forget to notice my shabby attire. Of course, Jack ought to be ashamed of himself for wasting money on such an expensive and filthy habit; but I hope yet to some day coax him to stop it." And full of her generous purpose, Doris tripped up stairs to begin her loving work.

Soon afterward, Mrs. Turner went into the kitchen to see about dinner, utterly unconscious that her guest, Howard Halliday, was lying upon the couch in the parlor, where he had gone an hour before with a severe headache. He certainly had not intended listening; but it had happened so quickly he had not had time to make his presence known. He was not very penitent. He felt there could be no harm in reading another page in a sweet, unselfish life.

He had begun his acquaintance with Doris by being amused at her quaint, old-fashioned sincerity; and he had not been in the house six hours as Jack's guest, before the young lady gave his a surprise that made him very nearly angry.

It was just after tea, and they had adjourned to the broad porch to enjoy the lovely sunset. He had pulled out his cigar case, and with an air of easy assurance turned to Doris

"You have no objection to my smoking?"

"Indeed I have. I hate tobacco smoke, and even if I did not I should object on principle."

For once in his life Howard's grace of manner forsook him, and he thrust his cigar back into its case as awkwardly as a schoolboy, his face crimson.

Doris sat demurely swaying back and forth in her light rocker, one pretty, rounded arm upraised, toying with a spray of honeysuckle. Apparently unconscious that she had said or done anything out of the ordinary, she smiled in a friendly manner into the gentleman's clouded face.

"You are the first young lady I ever met who objected to the odor of a fine cigar," he said, half rebukingly.

"I am the only one who has been courageous enough to tell you so; or, perhaps it would please you better to say I am the only one selfish enough to deprive you of such pleasure. But I'll warrant many a lady has been forced to tell you a polite lie rather than make herself disagreeable by telling the truth," she said good naturedly.

"So you do not tell untruths for the sake of being pleasant, it seems," Mr. Halliday said, interrogatively, a tinge of sarcasm in his voice.

"Not when a principle is involved. I claim that the use of tobacco in any form is unwholesome, unclean, selfish and extravagant, so of course I cannot sanction smoking, even though the cigars may be of the finest."

"Oh, I see you are one of the advanced thinkers, or 'reform' women, who are slashing right and left at the small vices of the sterner sex. You wish men to be little less than angels, lacking physical force and manly independence," he replied hotly.

"I belong to the class who believe men should be as free from vices as women, good, pure and true; of the finest physical development, and brave enough to resist temptation, no matter in what guise it may come," she said quietly.

A rather heated argument followed, in which Mr. Halliday felt himself decidedly worsted. To cover his defeat he gladly accepted Jack's invitation to call on his "best girl."

That tilt of words was by no means the last, nor was it the last in which Mr. Halliday left the battlefield ingloriously. It must be confessed his self-approbation was often hurt, and that in thinking over their discussions afterward Howard frequently assured himself that he barely escaped disliking his friend's sister. That women should hold "opinions' at all seemed unwomanly to him; and to be defeated by one was almost unpardonable.

Yet, aside from this unpleasant feature, little Doris seemed one of the most unselfish and lovable girls he had ever met. He felt sure his stately mother would approve of her, and the thought sent a queer little spasm of pleasure through his hitherto invulnerable heart. It was just like her to sacrifice her best dress to give Jack an outing. He hadnt much faith in the result, though, and he laughed to himself as he though of stylish Jack in a badly fitting, badly made coat. His first impulse was to tell Jack in time to prevent the worse than useless sacrifice; but that would be betraying a secret not intended for his ears, so he could only be silent and await developments.

For the next three or four days Doris was scarcely visible, except at mealtime. Jack stormed because she did not give more time to their guest. It was "just like a girl's vanity," he said, "to care more for stitching away on an old machine, making finery, than to care for the comfort and happiness of two forlorn men." And Howard, watching the sensitive face flushing under the unjust accusations, thought her the sweetest and loveliest of women.

At last, one afternoon, as Jack and Howard were lounging on the porch, Doris came tripping demurely up the street, carrying a neat package. Her eyes shone with a light that fairly dazzled Mr. Halliday, and in a moment he comprehended her plan. He arose as she came up, and offered her a chair, but she shook her head playfully, and passed on into the sitting room. Presently she called Jack.

He got up lazily and went in. Howard longed to follow, but dared not. He expected every moment to hear Jack's voice in angry derision. Instead that young man soon appeared with a beaming face, his fine figure adorned with a well fitted and beautifully made coat.

"I tell you, Howard, there's nothing like having the right kind of women folks. Mine have trigged me out in these handsome new duds, and I'm happier than the winning captain of a football team. I can go home now with you. I only refused before because I hadn't anything fit to wear in your warm climate, and I was too poor to buy anything. Uncle Walter only allows me income enough to barely squeeze through college, and Doris' teaching scarcely furnishes mother and herself with the necessities."

Jack paused, and Howard, feeling like a hypocrite, cudgelled his brain for something to say.

"Doris and mother are wonderful women, anyhow. Doris has a knack of making the commonest things look dainty and artistic, and mother—why mother can easily evolve something out of nothing. I'm sure now they must have pinched themselves awfully to buy these nice things, unless Doris has sold one of her pretty water colors, as she does sometimes. It must be that, for Doris declares she hasn't taken a dollar from the family treasury. Its just like her, bless her generous heart! Anyhow, I'll not worry her asking questions, for I know she's as happy over it as I am. Have a cigar?" extending a finely flavored one to Mr. Halliday.

That gentleman declined, almost rudely.

"I've concluded not to smoke any more. Your sister is right. The use of tobacco makes a man blind and selfish."

He was half angry with Jack for accepting so unquestioningly the sacrifice Doris had made, and he kept thinking how soon Jack might have saved money enough to buy his own clothes, had he been half as self-denying as his sister. Jack looked at him in astonishment.

"Will wonders never cease. To think of your giving up smoking is a stunner! Next thing you'll sign the total abstinence pledge, and fit yourself for a church deacon. Doris will be delighted," he said, between puffs.

"Don't tell her; I want to tell her myself. And, Jack, if you were half the man you ought to be, you'd stop smoking yourself and save your money to buy the things you need. I swear I'd be ashamed to let a little, delicate girl help clothe me," Howard said indignantly.

Jack's sunburned face took on a bright red.

"You're confoundedly polite in your way of putting things," he said, giving his cigar a petulant fling that landed it in the rosebed, "and you've growa virtuous very suddenly, it seems to me."

Then there was a long silence, broken by Jack.

"Thank you, Howard. You're right. I've been a selfish beast to let mother and Doris spoil me so. And if you, who can so well afford it, can quit smoking, I will, too."

"If you come down to facts, I guess it is as Doris says; we can none of us afford it, not even if our pocketbooks are overflowing. We cannot afford to risk the many evil physical results likely to follow, and to be repeated in future generations, to say nothing of poisoning the air for others who detest the odor," Howard said, gravely.

"You talk as if Doris were dictating," said Jack, lightly.

"As she is, in a measure. I'm such an egotistical prig that I have lacked the courage and grace to acknowledge how much her arguments have affected me. I think I shall be brave enough to tell her before I go," Mr. Halliday continued, frankly.

Jack was silent. Brotherly intuition had suddenly opened his eyes.

"And if you think there is the least hope for me, I've something else to tell her before I meet my mother. I know I'm not half good enough for her, but I intend to grow better, and" —Howard stopped abruptly, nervousness making his voice husky.

Jack grasped his hand and squeezed it till it ached.

"No, you're not good enough for her, old fellow, no man is; but if she loves you as well as I do, she'll take you."

That evening Doris and Mr. Halliday sat on the porch in the starlight, having reached a perfect understanding.

"I think I commenced loving you because you were so frank and outspoken, so unlike the conventional society girls I had grown so tired of; but the thing that showed me my heart was nothing else could have done was Jack's coat."

"Jack's coat!" Doris exclaimed, in astonishment. "Whoever heard of anything so absurd?"

Then she turned upon him quickly.

"Howard—you didn't—you don't know——"

"Yes, I do, too. I heard you talking it over with your mother, you dear, generous little girl!"

"Aren't you ashamed of yourself?" she asked, trying to disengage her hand.

"Not a bit. It was the last little link to fetter my heart to yours forever," holding the struggling hands firmly upon his breast.

"You won't tell Jack? Please do not. It would spoil his whole trip south to know he was wearing his sister's dress."

"I promise not to tell till the day he starts home. He'll be a better man for knowing it then. Your unselfish act will make it easier for him to resist small vices and extravagances in college next year. Besides, my own character has been improved, and my life made one of perfect happiness by reading your beautiful soul through the medium of Jack's coat."—Waverley Magazine.

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

An owl was shot 400 miles out at sea by the captain of the British steamship Ethelreda. No other case is on record of a land bird having flown so far from shore.

A wonderful cavern, rivaling in beauty and natural phenomena, if not in size, the famous Mammoth cave of Kentucky, has just been discovered across the Juniata river from Mapleton, Pa.

During the trial before a French court between two partners of an important corset firm the debate revealed that one of the principal branches of their manufactures was men's corsets. The judge, having demanded an explanation, it was sworn that more than 18,000 corsets were made yearly for Frechmen and 3000 were shipped to England, principally for army officers. German officers created also quite a demand till a rival Berlin firm offered a cheaper article.

Mrs. Archibald Rankin, aged 65 years, living near Sharon, Pa., was recently paralyzed by a bolt of lightning. So many times has she been injured in this manner that she is known as the "human magnet." Several years ago she was struck by lightning and ever since then her whole system has been charged like a galvanic battery. She is so sensitive to electrical disturbances that she sleeps in a bed upon the legs of which are glass insulators. She also sits in an insulated chair. When the air is heavily charged with electricity her flesh tingles and gives her great distress. Lightning striking within a half mile of the house invariably shocks her.

There are no points in Europe where the cold records of America are eclipsed, but in Asia our lowest records are thrown completely in the shade. Siberia has the coldest weather known anywhere in the world. At Werchojansk, Siberia, 90.4 degrees below zero was observed in January, 1888, which gets away below anything ever known in the world before or since. At that point the average temperature for January is nearly 64 degrees below. This town is situated at an elevation of 330 feet above the level of the sea and during the entire winter the weather is nearly always calm and clear. Perhaps the majority of people suppose that the coldest weather in the world is at the North Pole, but reliable observations made by explorers disprove this theory completely.

Beavers in Pleasant Quarters.

The purpose of the National Zoological park at Washington is to preserve examples of North American animals, especially those threatened with extinction. To this end efforts have been made to secure a good colony of beavers, animals once so plentiful and characteristic of this continent. A paddock was assigned to them in Rock Creek, which runs through the grounds. Here they have developed wonderfully. They have built several dams, at least four feet high, as well as a number of houses. After working up all available wood they proceeded to destroy the wire fence with their powerful teeth, and then to cut down trees in the vicinity. In order to prevent these depredations a strong steel fence had to be constructed.

No pins were made until 1811—$1 a paper.

NO TARIFF RETALIATION

FICTITIOUS ALARMS CONJURED UP BY FREE TRADERS.

No Basis in Fact or in Probability For Their Predictions Regarding the Formation of a European Trade Alliance Against the United States.

Those who so confidently prophesy foreign tariff combinations against the United States may be rightly suspected of allowing their wishes to influence their judgment. Apparently they would like to see what they expect to see. The dire possibilities of international trade are conjured up by free traders and former protectionists as the strongest possible argument—indeed, the only possible argument—in favor of the abandonment by the United States of the protective policy. So we are told nearly every day that European countries are conducting secret negotiations looking toward a trade combine against this country, and that our only safety in this emergency is to repeal the Dingley law and get right down to an unrestricted trade basis.

First of all, there is no evidence whatsoever of the existence of a plot to form a Continental tariff alliance against the United States. Still less evidence is there of the contemplation of a European alliance. If a European combine should be attempted, Great Britain would have to be left out of it, and Great Britain is very much the best customer the United States has among European countries. England must have have our foodstuffs and raw materials, and she is not going to join anybody in a scheme whose object is to make those commidities cost more in the British market.

Coming to the possibility of a Continental combine, we find little more likelihood of it being on the Continent than in Great Britain. Germany has been making some experiments along the line of discrimination against American products, and her experience is instructive. Consul Diedrich writes from Bremen to our State Department some pertinent facts relative to the operation of the inspection law whereby importations of American corned beef and other beef products are prohibited.

Not long ago Dr. Karl Frankel, professor of hygiene in the University of Halle, declared that this law is nothing more than a cloak, faded and worn, hung over the agrarian idol. He showed that, while the Government had declared that the passage of the law was required in the interests of public health, "nothing suffered more from said law than did the public health of the nation. The prevailing high prices of meat necessarily lessened its consumption, while the health of the nation demanded an increase." As a matter of fact, fully one-half of Germany's population is to-day suffering hardships by reason of such tariff discrimination as Germany has thus far seen fit to impose against American foodstuffs in obedience to the demands of the German agricultural interests, and it does not seem probable that the situation will be subjected to any additional strain of the same sort.

Excepting Russia, all the Continental countries of Europe are more or less dependent upon the United States for their food supplies and raw materials; while Russia, albeit independent of us in the matter of subsistence, must either buy a considerable line of manufactured products from us, or else pay a higher price for them elsewhere. The situation and outlook as to a European trade alliance of any kind against the United States are well summed up by the Baltimore Herald, as follows:

"When it comes to building universal tariff walls, this country might suffer a depression in trade, a slackening in industrial progress; but Europe would sustain from such a course not stagnation alone, but utter prostration. In any case, we would have an abundance of all things for the home supply. Another result would soon ensue—the underfed millions of Europe would begin to swarm to our shores in an increasing ratio, looking for relief from unbearable home conditions. If any nation can stand alone and depend entirely upon her own resources, this nation can. Most surely in the squeeze of a tariff war we should not be the first to cry quits."

The World is a Good Customer.

The Scepter of Power.

Over and above the excess of exports which our own country shows in comparison with Great Britain and Germany, it has this great advantage—namely, a large balance of trade in its favor, as against a small balance for Germany and a balance the other way for the British islands. The great American trade balance stimulates home industry, protects its money supplies and is steadily making the world its debtor. The scepter of commercial and financial power, so long in the hands of England, is being transferred to this nation, which, from all present indications, will hold it for generations to come.—Topeka Capital.

Always at Fearful Cost.

There are some sincere men who think the protective tariff isn't needed now, and ought to be repealed. The same idea has prevailed before, but experiments in the line of repeal have always been of fearful cost to the national industries and the prosperity of which they are the basis.—Toledo Times.

INVALIDITY OF DIVORCE

The Value of a Decree in a State Other Than That Where Granted.

DECISIONS OF SUPREME COURT

The General Principle of Matrimonial Domicile is Sustained—When Parties Are Legal Residents of the State, the Decree is Good Everywhere — Otherwise It is Not.

Washington, D. C. — The United States Supreme Court has decided a number of cases involving the validity in one State of divorce decrees granted in other States. The Court held practically that in cases in which the decree is granted in States where the husband and wife have made their legal residence it is valid in any part of the United States, but that in other cases in which there is no legal residence in the State in which the decree is granted they are invalid. The opinions were handed down by Justice Gray, and involved the cases of Atherton vs. Atherton, Bell vs. Bell and Streilwolf vs. Streilwolf.

In the Atherton case the husband obtained a decree of divorce in the State of Kentucky, where the parties had resided as husband and wife, after the wife had left the husband and gone to the home of her parents, in Clinton, N. Y. In his opinion Justice Gray called attention to and laid stress upon the fact that Kentucky was the place of their marital residence, and he also brought out the fact that notice of the husband's petition for divorce had been forwarded to New York, and that the wife had made no response. The Kentucky court thereupon had granted the decree.

The question involved was, he said, whether the decree was valid in New York, the question having been raised by a counter proceeding of the wife for divorce in New York. He concluded that owing to the fact of her former residence in Kentucky, and the further fact that due notice had been given her, Mrs. Atherton was as much bound by the Kentucky decree as if she had been present in the court when it was granted. Hence the decision of the New York Supreme Court in favor of the wife, and against the validity of the Kentucky decree was reversed.

The other two cases also came from New York. In the Bell case the question of the validity of a decree granted to the husband in Pennsylvania was raised, and in the Streilwolf case the same question was at issue concerning a decree granted to the husband in North Dakota. In both these cases the decrees were held to be invalid because neither the husband nor the wife had domicile in the State in which the divorce was granted. "Therefore," said Justice Gray, "the decrees are not entitled to credit." In those cases the findings of the New York courts were affirmed.

In the Atherton case Justice Peckham dissented upon the ground that the husband himself had been responsible for the wife's change of residence.

APATHY OF NAVAL MILITIA

No Ship For the Annual Exercises to Be Furnished This Year.

Washington, D. C.—The decline of the State naval militia and the lack of interest shown by those organizations in the assistance the Navy Department has offered them is keenly felt by naval officials, who see no hope for the practical usefulness of these bodies of men to the Government unless there are closer relations between them and the navy and some co-operation in the annual summer exercises. The National Government contributes over $500,000 in support of the organizations. Most of the States have shown little interest in the work.

Last year the Navy Department detailed a specially equipped vessel for the exclusive training of the naval militia, and provided that every organization should have at least one week's active duty on board at sea, during which practical instruction was given by naval officers in all the duties required of sailors and officers on regular seagoing warships. But few of the organizations took advantage of the Government's offer. This year the Navy Department will provide no ship, and the organization must do as best they can for summer cruises.

ACCUSED OF KILLING A CHILD.

Servant Testifies Against the Stepmother Now Under Arrest.

Mount Holly, N. J. — Mrs. Mabel Haines, of Delanco, was arraigned on a charge of having murdered her stepdaughter, Gwendolin, in Delanco. Mrs. Haines ever since her arrest has maintained the charge against her is false.

The body of the child was cut and bruised, and it was alleged by Mrs. Haines that the child was subject to fits, and might have injured herself. The father of the child alleges that its death was accidental.

The testimony taken was to show that Mrs. Haines had beaten the child twice a day during several months, and, according to the physicians who performed the autopsy, this was the cause of death. A woman employed by Mrs. Haines said that once she heard Mrs. Haines exclaim: "My, how hard it is to kill that brat!"

It was further testified by the physicians that Gwendolin's body contained seven and a half ounces of arsenic, more than enough to kill. Mrs. Haines was committed to wait the action of the Grand Jury.

Spinster Leaves $10,000 For a Dog.

Miss Ellen A. Griffin, who died in New York City, a few days ago, made provision in her will for the support of her dog, leaving $10,000 to her housekeeper on condition that she care for the animal.

New Match Factory in Nebraska.

Arrangements have been made in Omaha, Neb., whereby Charles Greuning, a retired capitalist, will open a match factory there within sixty days. The plant is to cost about $30,000.

Cashier of Vermont Bank Arrested.

Cashier D. H. Lewis, of the Farmers' National Bank, of Vergennes, Vt., was arrested by United States Marshal Field on a charge of misappropriating the funds of the institution. The shortage in the bank is now placed at $75,000.

Kansas Sod Houses Caving In.

A calamity has befallen many of the families still living in sod houses in Kansas. The recent heavy rains have caused many of these to cave in, and in several cases lives have been lost.

BOER CASE LOST IN COURT

Judge Parlange, of New Orleans, Declines to Stop Shipment of Mules.

Decides That the Court Has No Jurisdiction in the Suit of General Pearson and Others.

New Orleans, La.—Judge Parlange, of the United States Circuit Court rendered a decision in the Boer suit brought by General Sam Pearson of the Boer Army, Consul-General Charles D. Pierce, of the Orange River Free State and Edward Van Ness, of New York City, asking for an injunction to prevent the shipment of mules and horses from New Orleans to the British Army in South Africa. The Court denied the injunction asked for on the ground that the Court is without jurisdiction in the matter.

The Court also reviewed the case and decided that the plaintiffs had not a foot to stand on; that mules and horses cannot be regarded as munitions of war; that under the treaty of Washington of 1871 with Great Britain, private citizens of neutral countries can lawfully sell supplies to belligerents; that in this particular case, the vessels which the plaintiffs sought to enjoin and prevent from carrying mules and horses to Africa were private vessels not equipped for the military service of England, but carrying on their regular commercial business, and prepared to carry any kind of cargoes.

It is true that they carried horses and mules, but these were landed not in the Transvaal or Orange River Free State, but in the British possession, Cape Colony; and there was no more reason why the United States should prevent the shipment of mules and horses to Cape Colony than to Canada or Australia. As for the complaint of General Pearson that these mules and horses were being sent to Africa to destroy property, the Judge ruled that in order to appeal to equity in a case of this kind, it was necessary to show that the damage apprehended is clear and reasonable, and not remote, undistinct and even speculative as in this case.

The plaintiffs had made no charge that the neutrality laws were being violated. "But aside from all these considerations," said Judge Parlange, "the Court's view is that the case is a political one of which a court of equity can take no cognizance, and which, in the very nature of governmental things, must belong to the Executive branch of the Government.

"The three complainants are private citizens. They own property in the South African Republic and the Orange Free State, foreign countries now at war with Great Britain. They fear that the war, if continued, will result in the destruction of their property. They believe that if the shipment of mules and horses from this port are stopped, the war will cease; they claim that by virtue of a declaration of international law contained in an international treaty, to which the foreign countries in which their property is situated were not parties, they have the personal right to enjoin the shipments for the purpose of stopping the injury to their property through the destruction which they apprehend will result to it from a continuation of the war. When the complainants' cause is thus analyzed and the nature of the alleged right under the treaty is considered, it is obvious that a court of equity cannot take cognizance of the cause. I am clearly of opinion that this cause is not within the cognizance of this Court and for that reason the rule nisi must be denied."

Boarman, District Judge, who sat in this cause with Parlange, District Judge, concurred in the opinion.

$90,000 BANK EMBEZZLEMENT.

Temporary Receiver Appointed For the Farmers' National, of Vergennes, Vt.

Washington, D. C.—The Controller of the Currency has appointed J. T. Sullivan temporary receiver for the Farmers' National Bank, of Vergennes, Vt. Bank Examiner Fish, during an examination of the bank on April 3, discovered a shortage in the cash, and a further investigation, which has been conducted by Special Examiner Cunningham, indicates a total embezzlement by the cashier, D. H. Lewis, of $90,000.

After the discovery of the defalcation the examiner secured the return of $25,000 to the bank. Until a more complete investigation into the acts of the cashier is made it is impossible to say whether any loss will accrue to the depositors. It is not believed, however, that such a loss will be large. The deposits on February 5 amounted to about $80,000, and the capital stock and surplus to $60,000

EVANS DECLARED A MURDERER.

Brother of South Carolina's Former Governor Held For a Fatal Shooting.

Columbia, S. C.—Major Barnard Bee Evans, brother of former Governor John Cary Evans, who is a prospective candidate for the United States Senate against McLaurin, was arrested in his room for the murder of Captain John J. Griffin, commercial representative in this State, of the Norfolk and Western Railroad.

The coroner's jury rendered a verdict that to the best of its belief the death of Captain Griffin was caused by a gunshot wound inflicted at the hands of Major Evans. The news of the tragedy excited intense interest over the State. There are many theories for the killing, but none has much to support them. It is known that Major Evans was in financial straits.

MISSING GOLD FOUND ON SHIP.

Three Bars Discovered by a Steward in a Corridor on the Kaiser.

Bremen, Germany.—The three gold bars supposed to have been stolen from the strong room of the steamship Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse have been found.

Steward Magers made the discovery of the gold bars at Bremerhaven, while cleaning a cornice in the corridor outside the second class saloon Mager's reputation is excellent.

BASHFUL COWBOY'S UNLUCKY CALL

Accidentally Shoots Himself and the Young Woman He Went to See.

Hackberry, Ariz.—Bill Effersen, a swaggering cow puncher, came to town a few days ago and called on Miss Daisy Rucker, with his six-shooter strapped on him. Being unaccustomed to the society of young women he was considerably embarrassed, and while twisting about in his chair his revolver went off. The bullet plowed through the fleshy part of his thigh and struck the young woman in the ankle, inflicting a painful wound.

WITCH MURDERERS FREE

End of a Remarkable Trial of Educated Choctaws in Texas.

HEREDITY'S STRANGE INFLUENCE

Former Judge and District-Attorney, and Also a Presbyterian Preacher, Acquitted With an Accomplice of Killing Four Persons to Get Rid of Witches—Verdict Based on Theory of Insanity.

Paris, Texas.—After a trial lasting over a week the jury returned a verdict in the witch killing case, finding the defendants, Hotema and Frye, not guilty. The verdict was based on the theory of insanity.

The crime for which the prisoners were arraigned is attributable to a belief in witchcraft, which has possession of the most superstitious full-blood Choctaws as completely to-day as it had a hundred years ago. The tragedy occurred near Cold Spring Church, six miles northwest of Grant. There had been a number of sudden deaths in the community of spinal meningitis. A little son of Solomon Hotema was among the number. Hotema was the pastor of the church, and was the head man and leader among his people, as well as their spiritual adviser.

The Choctaws were greatly disturbed by the sudden deaths, for which they were unable to account. The manner in which the disease worked upon the victims caused them to attribute the malady to the evil charms of witches. Meetings were held at the church to discuss the matter and to devise means of staying the plague.

Sam Tarnatubby, who lived fifteen miles east of Grant, had fame among the full-bloods of being a great witch doctor. He was sent for. His diagnosis of the patients confirmed the suspicion that they had been bewitched. By the occult methods of the witch doctor he found the witches and declared that the only way that the plague could be stopped and the patients relieved was to kill them. Some of the supposed witches were relatives of the defendants, and had sat up with the sick members of their families.

Tarnatubby, having declared that the witches must be killed to stop the plague, Hotema, as the chief man in the community, summoned Tobias Williams and Sam Frye, young full-bloods, to his assistance. They got in Hotema's buggy, armed with a rifle and a shotgun, and started on their death-dealing mission. They first called at the house of Vina Coleman, the sister-in-law of Hotema, and shot her down without compunction while she was holding a little child in her arms. The babe was wounded, but not killed. An older child attempted to run away when the shooting began, and was shot in the back.

They next went to the home of Hall Greenwood, who came out to meet them. They inquired where his wife was, informing him that she was a witch, and that they had come to kill her. Greenwood began to plead for her life, but they killed his wife before his eyes. The last victim was Alfred Morris, who was deliberately shot down without warning.

The defendants were arrested and lodged in jail at Antlers, and from there were taken to Atoka, the holdover jail for the Antlers court. While incarcerated there Tobias Williams died. Hotema, Frye and Tarnatubby secured a change of venue to the Paris Federal Court, and were transferred to jail there pending trial. They made application through habeas corpus proceedings to Judge D. E. Bryant for bail. Hotema and Frye failed to get bail, while the offence of Tarnatubby, the witch doctor, was held to be bailable, having advised the killing, but not being present when the tragedies occurred. He was admitted to bail in $2000 as an accessory before the fact.

Solomon Hotema's witch-killing feat was a great shock to his white friends. It is a striking instance of the force of heredity and early instilled belief. He was one of the best-known men in the Choctaw nation. He is forty-eight years old, is well educated, is an entertaining conversationalist and a good writer. He attended school in a Presbyterian college at Roanoke, Va., three years. Soon after his return he was elected County Judge of Klamitia County, and held the office a number of consecutive terms. He also held the office of District-Attorney and was a member of the National Council eight years. In addition to this he was a regularly ordained minister of the Presbyterian Church, and had just returned from the meeting of the General Assembly in New Orleans when he killed the witches. In early childhood, however, he became a firm believer in witchcraft.

CHILDREN HELD FOR MURDER.

Little Brother and Sister Accuse Each Other of the Crime.

Elkton, Md.—Sallie Simpers, twelve years old, was committed to jail, charged with the murder of her seven-year-old brother, Howard. Accused with her is Thomas Simpers, her nine-year-old brother.

The boy implicated his sister, stating that she was angry because her mother had kept her from school while she went on a visit, and that she told him to shoot his brother, as that would bring his mother home. Thomas killed Howard with a shotgun a few days ago.

The sister denies the boy's story, and states that Thomas committed the deed because Howard would not give him a chew of tobacco.

Saved Others, But Lost His Own Life.

After having successfully rescued fellow-workmen from what would probably have resulted in death, J. C. Wilson, a pipe fitter, whose home is in Salt Lake City, fell off a platform at the plant of the Ohio Steel Company, at Youngstown, Ohio, and struck on his head, dying instantly. Three fellow-workmen of Wilson were at work on a high scaffold. They had been overcome by gas, when Wilson went to their aid. In a few minutes Wilson succumbed to gas and rolled off the platform.

Hague Court Ready For Work.

M. W. H. DeBeaufort, Dutch Minister for Foreign Affairs, and President of the Administrative Council of the International Court of Arbitration, at The Hague, Holland, has notified the Powers that the Court is now constituted, and ready to enter upon its duties.

Much Wood Cut For Pulp Mills.

About 16,000,000 feet of logs and between 5000 and 6000 cords of pulp wood have been cut in the Adirondacks for the different mills in Forestport, N. Y., this year

BANNER YEAR FOR TRADE

Commerce of the United States is Beating All Records

Trade Balance in Favor of America Amount to $700,000,000 in Fiscal Year Drawing to Its Close.

Washington, D. C.—At the close of the last fiscal year persons who were interested in and who understand the significance of figures showing large imports and exports were amazed to find that the commerce of the United States had amounted to the prodigious total of $2,244,424,266, and that the excess of exports over imports was nearly $545,000,000, or only slightly below the excess of exports shown in 1898, when they ran to nearly $616,000,000. The report for the fiscal year drawing to a close promises to beat the totals of either of the recent great years, and the excess of exports will, it is expected, reach quite $700,000,000.

With the figures of March now accessible, it is seen that the exports for nine months reached $1,140,170,728. In the same time the imports were $599,483,391. The balance in favor of the United States for the nine months is therefore $540,687,337, or within $5,000,000 of the excess of the whole exportation of the last year. The balance for last year, at the end of the nine months' period, was less by $128,832,671.

This showing is brought about by an increase in exports of $86,540,032 and a decrease in imports of $42,292,639. The indications are that trade will continue to maintain the figures for the preceding nine months, and that the total of exports and imports will reach to more than $2,300,000,000, with a balance possibly $100,000,000 in excess of the hitherto banner balance year of 1898.

The figures showing the exports of leading products, as given by a recent Treasury statement, reveal a tendency to increased exportation, except in mineral oils. Of breadstuffs, there were exported nearly $5,000,000 more in the nine months than in the preceding year; there was an increase in exports of cattle and hogs of about $5,000,000; the exports of provisions increased $8,500,000, the increase in value of cotton exports was $65,800,000 over the nine months ended March 31 of last year, and there was a slight falling off in the exportation of mineral oils.

If there is a decline shown in the exports of manufactured goods, it will be accounted for in part by the ruin of the cotton exports to China, and by the loss of exports to Hawaii, which is no longer a foreign country in the estimation of the authorities.

AMERICANS IN THE NAVY.

During Spanish War Sixty-Five Per Cent. of the Men Were Native Born.

Washington, D. C.—Secretary Long has had compiled, in response to an inquiry from the West, a table showing the proportion of native-born and foreign-born sailors in the United States Navy. This shows that during the Spanish-American war, out of a total force of 22,828, the total of native-born sailors was 15,406, and of foreign-born, 7422. The percentage of native-born sailors was sixty-five, and, including foreigners who had become Americans by naturalization, the percentage was eighty.

The statement also shows that of the foreign-born sailors more than one-half have become naturalized or have declared their intention of becoming citizens. The statement further shows that the navy is more exclusively American than is generally supposed.

MRS. NATION TO RULE A TOWN.

Will Conduct the Affairs of Medicine Lodge, Kan., For One Week.

Medicine Lodge, Kan.—Mrs. Carrie Nation, the saloon smasher, is to conduct the municipal affairs of this place for one week. If, during that time, according to the agreement, Mrs. Nation betters the condition of trade and social relations in Medicine Lodge, her ideas will be adopted permanently and the city run along the lines thus laid down. If business should fall off for the week and a majority of the citizens grow dissatisfied with her conduct of affairs, then the city officers will continue to run it "wide open."

PUT TO DEATH PENDING APPEAL.

Mexican Soldiers Executed Before Final Decision Was Rendered.

Oaxaca, Mex.—An official inquiry has been instituted by Secretary of War Bernardo Reyes, into the recent execution of a number of soldiers for alleged insubordination while engaged in the campaign against the Maya Indians in Yucatan. The soldiers were tried by court-martial and condemned to death.

Pending an appeal to the Supreme Military Court they were executed. The court disapproved the finding of the court-martial, but the decision arrived too late to save the lives of the soldiers.

FUNSTON RELIEVES GRANT.

Two Peaceful Districts of Northern Luzon Have Been Consolidated.

Manila.—The First and Second military districts of northern Luzon have been consolidated and placed under command of Brigadier-General Funston. Similar action has been taken with regard to the Fourth and Fifth districts of southern Luzon and General Sumner has been placed in charge.

This action has allowed the relief of Generals Grant and Hall respectively, and is one of the results of the pacified conditions of these districts. It is expected that further consolidations will be made at an early date.

New Governor For Oklahoma Territory.

President McKinley, at Washington, has decided to appoint William M. Jenkins to be Governor of Oklahoma Territory, to succeed the present Governor, Barnes, whose term will expire soon. Mr. Jenkins is the present Secretary of the Territory.

Powers' Claims Against China.

The indemnity claims of European Powers against China are said to be approximately as follows: Russia, $90,000,000; France, $65,000,000; Germany, $60,000,000, and England, $22,500,000

Labor World.

The Brazil soft coal district, in Indiana, will be indefinitely tied up by a strike.

In Italy children of either sex under nine years of age are not permitted to work in factories.

The coal workers at Marseilles, France, decided to resume work, and the prolonged strike is finally at an end.

Four hundred coal miners who have been on strike at Blossburg, Ala., on account of a difference regarding the charges for yardage work, have returned to work

FREE BLOOD AND SKIN CURE.
An Offer Proving Faith.

Ulcers, Eating Sores, Cancers, Scrofula, Itching Skin, Scabs and Scales of Eczemr, Aches and Pains on bones, back or joint, Syphilitic Blood Poison, Rotten Gums and Chronic Rheumatism, and all obstinate, deep-seated blood troubles are quickly cured by taking a few large bottles of Botanic Blood Balm. We challenge the world for a case of blood disease that Botanic Blood Balm will not cure. The cures are permanent and not a patching up. Is your blood thin? skin pale? all run down? as tired in the morning as when you went to bed? catarrh? putrid breath? eruptions sores in mouth or throat? If so, you blood is bad. Blood Balm will make the blood pure and rich, heal every sore; stops the aches and pains, builds up the broken down body and invigorates the old and weak. Botanic Blood Balm, the only perfect blood purifier made. Sold at drug stores; $1 per large bottle, including complete directions. To prove our faith in Blood Balm a trial bottle is given to sufferers For free trial bottle, address Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga. Don't hesitate, but write at once describing trouble and free personage advice given. Blood Balm (B. B. B.) cures when all else fails. Thoroughly tested for 30 years. Over 3000 voluntary testimonials of cures by using B. B. B

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect March 3rd, 1901

TRAIN SERVICE.

NORTHBOUND:

Leave Eliz City daily (except Sunday)	2:40, p. m.
Arrive at Norfolk " " "	4:20, p. m.
Leave Elizabeth City Tues., Thurs., and Saturday	9:30, a. m.
Arrive at Norfolk " " "	11:05, a. m.

SOUTHBOUND:

Leave Eliz. City daily (except Sunday)	11:40, a. m
Arrive at Edenton " " "	12:40, p. m
Arrive Belhaven " " "	5:20, p. m.
Leave Elizabeth City Tues., Thurs., and Saturday	5:55, p. m.
Arrive Edenton " " "	7:00, p. m.

Trains stop at all intermediate Stations.

Connect at Norfolk with trains to and from Virginia Beach and Currituck Branch Virginia Beach Division.

STEAMBOAT SERVICE.

Steamers leave Edenton daily (except Sunday 12:45 p. m., for Plymouth, Jamesville, Williamston and Windsor. Leave Edenton Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 12:45, p. m., for Edenton River Landings and Friday for Scuppernong River.

Steamers leave Elizabeth City for Roanoke Island, Oriental and Newberne, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 6:00, p. m., connect with the A. & N. C. Railroad, the Atlantic Coast Line for Goldsboro and Wilmington, &c. For Scuppernong River Monday and Wednesday 12:00, no'n, and Friday 12:30, p. m., for Pasquotank River Landings. Steamers leave Belhaven daily except Sunday for Washington, N. C., and 5, a. m., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays for Aurora, South Creek and Makleyville.

For further information apply to M. H Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. E. KING, Gen'l Mng'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft & Pass'r Ag't

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The North Carolinian

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PALEMON JOHN, Editor.

SENATOR McLAURIN AND MR. WU.

The recent addresses of Mr. Wu and Senator McLaurin delivered to the Southern Manufacturers' Club at Charlotte have excited a good deal of public interest and discussion, both state and national. In his remarks Mr. Wu, the sagacious Chinese diplomat, pointing out clearly the common bond of commercial interest uniting the fortunes of the cotton planter and manufacturer of the south with that of the people of his own country, citing the evil effects that war has already produced upon our trade and pointing out the possibilities open before us in the great cotton markets of China, the developing of which have but begun, emphasized a problem in which we are all vitally interested.

The address of Senator McLaurin of South Carolina, the Democratic free lance and southern champion of present-day progressive industrial principles, attracted, however, an equal if not a greater amount of comment and from certain dyed-in-the-wool party organs some very bitter editorial criticism. He said in part:

"The last twenty years have wrought an industrial revolution in the South, which must find expression in our social and political life.

"The time is past for the discussion as to whether this government is to be one consolidated in its structure or a loose aggregation of (so-called) sovereign States. The civil war settled that.

"It is useless to discuss the question of whether this is to be a purely theoretical Democratic government or an expanding an giant republic. The Spanish war settled that. Why not then accept conditions as they are and make the most of them?

"Why should our people be the only ones to close their eyes to what is going on? Why should we move along in the same old ruts and insist that political policies and old traditions, long since dead, are vital living issues, and depend upon them for the salvation of the South?"

And one may well pause and ask himself the question, why indeed?

The St. Louis Globe Democrat sizing up the situation here depicted and commenting upon Senator McLaurin's own somewhat anomalous political position furnishes us with the following very sane remarks:

"It seems easy, from McLaurin's recent record and from the auspices under which he is to make his new declaration of faith, to outline the position he is to take in the partisan divisions of the time. He is an expansionist He is also a friend of ship subsidies and of adequate protection to American industry. The reason why a man holding such views should call himself a Democrat lies in the negro issue. As a Southern man he has held the dread entertained by his section for anything which would afford even the faintest shadow of a chance of negro domination. As the disfranchisement which has gone into operation in many of the Southern states has made the negro issue practically obsolete, McLaurin is going to let his views on the vital issues of the time assert themselves. These will logically take him into the Republican party, and tens of thousands of other intelligent Southern men are undoubtedly about to make a similar departure. Unquestionably the Republicans, in most of the ex slave states, will make a better showing in 1904 than they have done since 1876."

PREJUDICE VS. PROSPERITY.

New conditions teach new duties.
'Tis a truism that to-day is finding a forcible exemplification in the political life of our Southland. And the lesson presented thereby is so clear and unmistakable that he who runs cannot fail to read. Already the hand-writing is on the wall and it needs no political Daniel to interpret it. The demand for industrial growth and the economic laws that make theretore, for development and upbuilding, for the cultivation of the home market and the widening of the foreign market, is making its influence felt. The business man is shaking off his political apathy and is taking a hand in the political game.

The Hon. Harry Skinner, the former brainy Representative of this the First Congressional District, in a recent interview, in which he frankly comes out for the present administration, states a pertinent truth when he says that to-day in the South the woods are full of Democrats with Republican views, and that now is a most happy hour for them to come forth and brave the bogy-man of party prejudice by openly espousing those principles which so strongly appeal to their reason and which will enable them to reap the full reward of their commercial labors. To use his own language:

"A very considerable proportion of the men of affairs in the south, men of the very best social position, highest business integrity and the largest material interests, believe in sound money, moderate protection, national improvement, a reasonable ship subsidy, and in expansion. Their convictions on these subjects make them republicans whether they acknowledge it or not. I believe that they can serve the best interests of their section and of the county by openly acknowledging themselves what they are and by co-operating effectively with the republican party."

A brother-moulder of public opinion relieves himself of his pent up feeling in the following out-burst which, by the way, contains more of truth than poetry:

"In almost every instance the one man who is neglected and ignored by the politicians is the country editor. In a majority of cases he cannot get into a convention whose nominees he is expected to support. After the convention and all through the campaign, however, he is sought after. He is expected to write up the candidates of his party, and write down those of the opposition. He is called upon to give up space which would cost a business man hundreds of dollars, and then his bill for printing is the last one paid, and if there is not enough money on hand to pay it he is expected to stand the loss and is abused if he objects. He is a hewer of wood and a drawer of water—a pack horse for every cheap skate of a politician who poses as the whole thing at the expense of the editor. Then when his party triumphs the country editor can stand on the sidewalk in his last year's clothes and see the procession go by."

The Union Republican thus vividly depicts the present political condition existing in this State and points the problem which is now before us:

"There are in this State two distintly different elements of the Democratic party. The one led by men of the Simmons and Josephus Daniels type, the other following the leadership of the Charlotte Observer and the so-called old line Democracy who followed Vance in his time.

"The fight has been secretly going on between these two elements for several years, say since Mr Simmons made his 'ascendency,' but the fight has not been strong enough to cause the Democracy to break party lines, but the business element, the good element have joined in the pursuit of the monstrous ghosts—the negro, the gold standard etc.—which the agrarian element chose to put out, except that in the chase of the last election many did break off with the gold standard ghost and left their wild leaders. Now since according to their own proposition the negro question is settled, will not the business element of the Democratic party turn down those ruthless leaders and go to voting for business and prosperity in the South. It is to be hoped they will."

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, D. C., April 19, 1901.

President McKinley's confidence in Gen. Wood is absolute. That fact will be strongly impressed by him on the committee of the Cuban Constitutional Convention, which will reach Washington early next week, at their first interview, and if, as Havana reports say, their object in coming to Washington is to discredit Gen. Wood, rather than with any expectation of getting changes in the conditions for the withdrawal of American authority, they will be shown at once that they would better have remained at home.

The prevalent opinion in Washington is that the Cubans will make a very short visit and that they will when they return advise the Constitutional Convention to accept the Platt amendments, and that the advice will be taken. They are bound to learn, if they do not already know, as soon as they reach this country that the conditions offered by the Platt amendment are considered entirely fair by members of all political parties, and that if they are not accepted now there isn't the slightest probability that they will be changed at the next session of Congress.

Owing to the enormous expense of having to send all the large warships in Philippine waters to Honkong to be docked and repaired, Secretary Long has appointed a Board of naval officers to prepare plans for an extensive naval station to be established at Olongapo, Subig Bay, Luzon. Those plans contemplate a dry dock large enough to accomodate our largest battleships and shops in which any class of repairs may be made.

Secretary Root has cabled Gen. MacArthur, at the direction of President McKinley, to probe the alleged commissary frauds at Manila to the bottom and to see that every man who has been guilty of any wrong doing is speedily and properly punished. Besides the records of the regular army officers who are accused of being implicated in these frauds there are other good reasons for the belief of the War Department officials that the press reports of these frauds have been much exaggerated.

The Russians.

An Englishman in Russia says that "we may dislike Russia as we will and perhaps must, but there is no denying that the men and women of Russia are good lookers." The men are "tall and well built." The "women, especially those of the upper classes, have a grace and fascination that is all their own." The writer adds: "I am tired of hearing English people say that this is all show and that if I knew them better I should be greatly disappointed. Behind good looks and refined manners I have found the depth and sincerity of the Scotch combined with the wit and humor of the Irish."

Serious Complaint.

Askit—Whatever became of that patient of yours you were telling me about some time ago?

Dr. Sokum—Oh, he's got a complaint now that's giving me a great deal of trouble.

Askit—Indeed! What is it?

Dr. Sokum—It's about the amount of my bill.—Philadelphia Press.

Bad Form.

Mrs. Highblower—Don't forget, my dear, that in conversation the interest must not be allowed to flag.

Clara—But I'm sure I do my best, mamma.

"Maybe so, but while the pianist was playing I thought once or twice that I detected you listening to him."—Life.

The famous fogs of Newfoundland are only found as a rule on the east and south coasts and on the "banks," being caused by the meeting of the arctic current with the gulf stream. The interior in summer is described as a most delightful climate, resembling that of the south of France.

For Rheumatism.

Mr. Johnson—I notice, Jasper, that you have the rheumatism as bad as ever. Don't you ever take anything for it?

Jasper—'Deed I does, sah. I takes crutches mostly.—Boston Courier.

TO NON-SUBSCRIBERS.

If you are not a subscriber but have received this number of THE NORTH CAROLINIAN you may know that we have decided to present you with a months subscription to this paper free of charge. Examine carefully the copies which you receive during this period. If you find our paper what we represent it to be, a bright, clean, newsy, progressive local sheet, then give us your name as a permanent subscriber. Remember that the local press is a communitys most valuable public institution, and that the best results can be reaped therefrom only when the community gives to its hearty support. For thirty-two years THE CAROLINIAN has worked and labored for every public enterprise that the community now enjoys, has kept its pages clean, and has consistently advocated those principles which in its judgment made for the betterment of city, state and nation. We have not pleased all men. We know of no newspaper that has, and, as the only Republican voice in a wilderness of Democracy, we have been slighted by some who seemed to be afraid to hear more than one side of the political story. Whatever your party creed, however, we are certainly one with you in our common endeavor to industrialy build up the city and district and industrial up-building is the crying need of the hour.

Come give us your support and if at the end of the year you are not satisfied with your investment we will refund your subscription money—provided proof of your sanity can at the same time be conclusively shown and established.

ANNUAL CONVENTION.

The North Carolina Woman's Christian Temperance Union is hereby officially called to meet in its Nineteenth Annual Convention at Littleton, June 6 to 9 inclusive.

The annual meeting is composed of the State officers, State superintendents, Editors of the "White Ribbon," one delegate at large from each local union and one delegate for every twenty members thereof. Presidents of local unions are ex-officio members of the annual meeting. The Loyal Temperance Legion is represented in convention upon basis of one delegate for every twenty members who have paid ten cents annual dues into the State treasury

It is the duty of all local treasurers to give every member an opportunity to pay her dues in time to be reported before the State Treasurer's books are closed about June 1st: Let the paid up membership be the same as the enrolled membership and thus begin the new year of the new century with accounts balanced.

The meeting of the State Convention in Littleton Female College as the guest of the College upon the invitation of its worthy President is a compliment to our work without a parallel in the history of our organization in the state or nation. A full delegation and fine reports should bespeak our appreciation of the unprecedented courtesy and kindness of President Rhodes and his excellent wife.

Our State Supt. Evangelistic Work and National Evangelist will conduct the Noontide Prayer Services. Another National worker is expected to be present.

The usual reduction in railroad rates will be secured.

MARY E. CARTLAND, Pres.
C. E. CRAVEN, Cor. Sec.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

OF INTEREST TO FARMERS.

As the spring has opened and crops are being planted, insects are again becoming numerous and their ravages will soon begin. We wish to urge farmers not to wait until a crop is ruined and then write for information, but as soon as an insect enemy is detected, send some specimens to this office, so that they may be identified, and remedies suggested. The importance of the work against injurious insects is becoming more and more apparent. Every body is invited to make free use of this office to obtain information regarding insect friends and foes.

FRANKLIN SHERMAN, Jr.,
Entomologist,
N. C. Dept. Agriculture,
Raleigh, N. C.

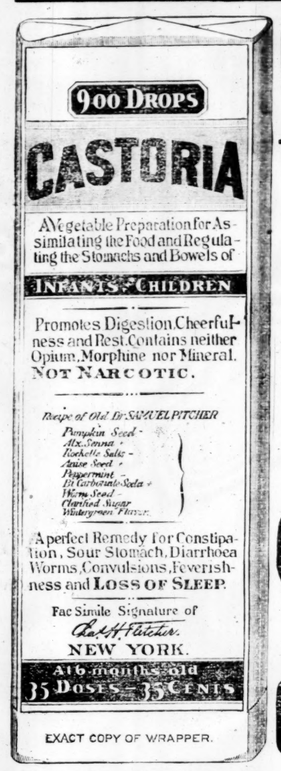
Young Women

The entry into womanhood is a critical time for a girl. Little menstrual disorders started at that time soon grow into fatal complications. That female troubles are filling graveyards proves this. Wine of Cardui establishes a painless and natural menstrual flow. When once this important function is started right, a healthy life will usually follow. Many women, young and old, owe their lives to Wine of Cardui. There is nothing like it to give women freedom from pain and to fit young women for every duty of life. $1.00 bottles at druggists.

Miss Della M. Strayer, Tully, Kan. "I have suffered untold pain at menstrual periods for a long time, was nervous, had no appetite, and lost interest in everything, in fact was miserable. I have taken four bottles of Wine of Cardui, with Thedford's Black-Draught, when needed, and to-day I am entirely cured. I cannot express the thanks I feel for what you have done for me."

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, the Ladies' Advisory Department, The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

WINE OF CARDUI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The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Lost In Self Admiration.

It happened in an "L" car. He was tall, handsome and just a little too well dressed and was reading a pamphlet on which stood out in letters large enough to be plainly legible to the opposite row of passengers the title, "Correct Dress." They all noticed him, for he was really beautiful.

There was no doubt as to what he was reading. The passengers followed it almost line by line and knew just what part of the essay he had reached. It began when his eyes left the book and glanced dubiously at his cloth topped patent leathers. He shook his head slightly as he saw that the upper was of a trifle too pronounced a pattern. Next he took in his trousers, and a bland smile of satisfaction wreathed his face. There was a slight frown when he compared his waistcoat with the haberdasher's manual, but his coat and hat were evidently irreproachable.

The end of the inventory and of the spectators' self control came when the beautiful one began to admire in the back of his watch case his neckwear, his shirt and the faultless curves of his collar. A titter from the two girls in the corner, and the whole benchful exploded. The model of pulchritude looked up, shut his book with a snap, blushed furiously and left the car at the next station.—New York Mail and Express.

An Amateur Savant Fooled.

The stories are common enough of fire engines being turned out to quench an aurora, and, on the other hand, it has not seldom happened that a very mundane conflagration has passed muster for a "celestial display."

In the memoirs of Baron Stockmar an amusing anecdote is related of one Herr von Radowitz, who was given to making the most of easily picked up information. A friend of the baron's went to an evening party near Frankfort, where he expected to meet Herr von Radowitz. On his way he saw a barn burning, stopped his carriage, assisted the people and waited till the flames were nearly extinguished. When he arrived at his friend's house, he found Herr von Radowitz, who had previously taken the party to the top of the building to see an aurora, dilating on terrestrial magnetism, electricity, etc. Radowitz asked Stockmar's friend, "Have you seen the beautiful aurora borealis?"

He replied: "Certainly. I was there myself. It will soon be over." An explanation followed as to the barn on fire. Radowitz was silent some ten minutes, then he took up his hat and quietly disappeared.—Knowledge.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as Executor of the late Jacob (John) Scott, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within 12 months from the date of this notice, or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

ROBERT BOWE,
Marc 27, 1901. Executor.

N. G. GRANDY & CO.

COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANTS.
Agents for American Fertilizer Co's.
HIGH CLASS
FERTILIZERS.

Buyers of Cotton Seed Meal and Hulls, Hay, Corn and Oats.
REFERENCES: Citizen's Bank, First National Bank.

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One Year Each, only 50c.
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NOW ONLY FIFTY CENTS A YEAR and includes absolutely free "The Paragon Monthly," New York. "The Farm Journal," Philadelphia.
The Daily and Sunday "TIMES" including "Farm Journal" and "Paragon Monthly," now only $3 per year; 25c per month by mail.
Address
THE TIMES,
Richmond, - - - - Va.

Stop A Minute!

A WORD ABOUT BRICK: Everybody needing Brick want a good quality—an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufacture the best for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled Address F. G Thompson, manager Elizabeth City, N C.

WANTED.—Capable and reliable person in every county to represent large company of solid financial reputation; $936 per year, payable weekly; $3 per day absolutely sure and all expenses; straight, bona-fide, definite salary, no commission; salary paid each Saturday and expense money advanced each week. STANDARD HOUSE, 334 Dearborn St., Chicago. Jly 11

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No. 7, Fulton Fish Market,
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Clarence G. Miller.
Special attention given to the sale of NORTH CAROLINA SHAD.
Stationary and Stencils, with shipping mark, forwarded upon application. We employ no agent.

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Successor to
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Wholesale Commission D

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Etc., Etc
NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET
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North Carolina Shad a Specialty.
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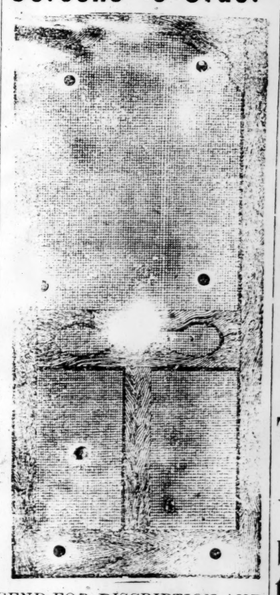
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Screens to Order



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TROUSERS
"NOT THE OLD KIND"

The Shirt Waist Man's Friend.

These pants have no back strap, but adjust on either side,
SAVING YOU A GREAT BAG IN THE REAR.
—For sale only by—
TATEM, MANN & Co.

We are making a big run right at present on **$6.75 Men's Suits,** worth anywhere $10.00.

Every suit guaranteed as represented or your money back for the asking.

We are new people and want your trade. We have these suits in the latest stripes, plaids and black.

Also a big line of all **Wool Pants** for $1.98 as long as THEY LAST.

TATEM, MANN & CO.,

Clothing for Men and Boys. Shoes for Men and Boys.
Furnishing Goods for Men and Boys. Hats for Men and Boys.
37 Main St., Elizabeth City, N. C.

For Rent

Suit of offices in Carolinian Building, Main St centrally located, one block from Court House, recently occupied as law offices by Frank Vaughan Esq. These rooms are situated on the first floor, are large and commodious, and are ideal summer offices. Terms reasonable. Apply at CAROLINIAN OFFICE.

THE LEADER

The New-York Life is the leader in the insurance world. Why? Because it is organized on a purely mutual basis, without capital stock or stockholders. Every dollar paid to the Company in premiums, interest, rents and profits, less actual expenses, is returned to the policy-holders. Last year it earned for its policy-holders over $10,000,000. Because it is the SAFEST institution of its kind in the world. Its promises are guaranteed by assets of nearly three hundred million dollars, a larger sum than the united capital of the three greatest banking institutions of the world.

NEW-YORK LIFE AGENCY,
Carolinian Bldg. Box B. Eliz. City, N. C.

New Store

Poindexter Street, one door North of Post Office.

The growing trade of our
GROCERY
business, both Wholesale and Retail, demanded greater accomodations. Come and see us at our new stand.

W. J. WOODLEY,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Hathaways Have Moved

Into a store on Poindexter Street, near Main.

—LOOK FOR—

The New Jewelry Store.

It's the place to buy your Jewelry and have your watches repaired.

DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor: T. B. Wilson; Aldermen: M. N. Sawyer, I. C. Commander, J. L. Sawyer, J. B. Flora, B. F. Spence, W. H. Weatherly and Bryant Freeman, Clerk and Tax Collector, R. A. Commander; Treasurer, J. B. Ferebee; Chief of Police, W. C. Dawson with A. C. Bell and F. H. Ives as Assistants; Attorney, J. B. Leigh; Street Commissioner, J F Weeks; Fire Commissioners, Jas. Richardson Dr A F Aydlett Health Officer

Collector of Customs—Palemon Johnson.

Postmaster—Elizabeth C. Pool.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs J. E. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden. Meet on the 1st and 3d Wednesdays of each month at the corner of Road and Church Sts

CHURCHES.

Methodist: R. C. Beaman pastor; Baptist, C. W. Duke, pastor; Episcopal, L. L. Williams, Rector; Presbyterian, H W White, pastor.

Methodist Episcopal on Pearl street: Preaching 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m., each Sunday. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Prayer meetings Tuesday nights. W. S. Fitch, pastor.

Church of Christ, M. Pittman pastor, services in Court House, every Sunday morning and night.

COLORED—Methodist, W. L. Clayton, pastor Corner Stone, Z. H. Berry, pastor; Olive Branch M W N Norman, pastor; St. Philip, W. J. Heritage rector; St. Stephen, W. Arterbridge pastor; Antioch, Presbyterian, S P Smith, pastor

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge No. 317 Dr. J. B. Grigg, W. M.; Dr. A. L. Pendleton, S. W.; W. C. Glover, J. W.; C. C. Barnard, S. D.; W. M. Mann J. D.; R. F. Spence, Treas.; J. A. Hooper Secretary; E. F. Sawyer, Chaplain; Louis Selig and H. Gray, Stewards; L. C. Oakley, Tiler. Meets 1st and 3d Tuesday nights.

Talula Encampment No. 8; J P Simpson, C P. P D Twiddy, S. W.; T T. Whitcomb, H. P.; H H Hayman, J. W.; H O Hill, Scribe; G W Twiddy, Treasurer.

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge No. 14; J P Simpson, N G; W F Keaton, V G; H. O. Hill, Recording Secretary; R E. Black, Financial Secretary; G W Twiddy, Treasurer.

Royal Arcanum, Tiber Creek Council No. 1209 H. O. Hill, Regent; D. A. Morgan, Vice Regent; C. Guirkin, Orator; W. H. Zoeller, Secretary F. M. Cook, Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer Meets every 1st and 3d Monday nights.

Knights of Honor; R. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Engle, Vice Dictator; T. J. Jordan, Reporter; T. B. Wilson Finance Reporter; W. J. Trafton, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 4th Friday.

Pasquotank Tribe No. 8, I. O. R. M.; A C Garrett Sachem; E F Sawyer sr. Sagamore; F G Thompson, jr, Sagamore; Wesley Williams' Prophet; W Ran Goodwin, Chief of Records; R. B. White, K. of W. Meet every Thursday night.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: Geo. M. Scott, chairman; S. N. Morgan, Thomas K. Palmer, George R. Shannick and W. J. F. Spence; Standard Keeper, R. B. White. J. F. Newbold, keeper of Alms House.

Sheriff, Nathan G. Grandy; Superior Court Clerk, W. Harney Jennings; Register of Deeds, J. C. Spence; Treasurer, W. A. Foster; Supervisor S L Sheep; Board of Education: J C Commander, Charles Reid and E V Davenport; Coroner, Dr Isaiah Fearing; County Physician, Dr A T Aydlett, Surveyor, J C Perry.

SCHOOLS.

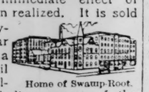
Public School, W. M. Hinton, Principal.
Atlantic Collegiate Institute, S. L. Sheep, Prest.
Select School, I. N. Tillett, Principal.
State Colored Normal, P. W. Moore, Principal.

Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.



Home of Swamp-Root.

An Apt Amendment.

Years ago a bill entitled "An act for the preservation of the heath hen and other game" was introduced into the New York house of assembly.

The speaker of the house, who was not especially interested in matters of this kind, gravely read it, "An act for the preservation of the heathen and other game."

He was blissfully unconscious of his blunder until an honest member from the northern part of the state who had suffered from the depredations of the frontier Indians rose to his feet.

"I should like to move an amendment to the bill," he said mildly, "by adding the words, 'except Indians.'"—Youth's Companion.

She Couldn't Stand It.

"No," said the beautiful actress; "I cannot be your wife. I love you dearly, Mr. Frost, and if you had any other name I would be glad to go through life sharing your joys and sorrows."

"But," he protested, "my name should not stand in the way. What is it Shakespeare says? 'A rose by any other name would smell as sweet.' What is the matter with my name? Does history record a single dark or unworthy deed committed by a Frost? No. Ah, darling, say you will make me the happiest man on earth!"

"No, no! I cannot! I cannot!" she moaned. "Why, if I were to marry you every newspaper paragrapher in the country would have something to say next morning about 'the Frost Miss Darlington received at yesterday's performance.'"—Chicago Times-Herald.

The Other Way.

He—Bertha, I am going to ask you a question, a question which will have a lasting effect upon my life as you answer it. Bertha, dear, will you be a sister to me?

She—Charley, I can't do that, but I will be your wife.—Boston Transcript.

More Appropriate.

Barber (absently) Shampoo, sir?

Customer (with shining bald pate)—No; shine.—Puck.

The North Carolinian.

Thursday, April 25, 1901.

THE FIR-T OF MAY.

To move or not to move?
That is the proposition
Which I am up against;
To move and hunt a house?
To tramp the paves with eagle eyes,
Peel'd keen for each "To Let;"
To pore with aching head
The columns of "For Rent,"
And when the house is found,
To move!
To tear asunder carpets and
To put them down straightway;
To struggle with the stovepipes 'till
The fittest shall survive;
To bow the servile hinges of
My knees
To her who rules this domicile—
The boss;
To move or stay?
To stay—and pay the rent!
"The rent! The rent!"
Alas, that sordid cry
Doth haunt my soul;
Between two fires am I,
And from this knotty problem may
The gods deliver me.

THROUGH OUR SPECTACLES

A pension of $6 has been granted to Antonio Stallings of Moyock.

An acknowledgment by the Rev. H. W. White of various chapel donations is reserved for our next issue.

Mrs. Laura O. Mitchell has opened a first-class boarding house on Road St. near Main. Nicely furnished rooms and excellent table.

At a meeting of the board of governors of the Southern Cotton Spinners Association, held in Charlotte Thursday night it was decided to hold the annual convention in Atlanta, May 9 and 10.

Locke Craig, of Buncombe, is an avowed candidate for the United States Senatorship, now held by Senator Pritchard. The other candidates, so far as now known, are Frank I Osborne of Charlotte, R. B. Glenn of Winston and Lee S. Overman of Salisbury.

Some distant relatives of Solomon are giving credit to those Democratic seators who voted against impeachment for the nol pros of the indictments against the Democratic registrars. This is the worst charge ever brought against these men. Is sentimental assinity increasing in North Carolina?—Ex.

Col. McClure says if North Carolina were fenced in by a high wall and cut off from connection with the outside world, she could raise everything she needed for comfort and several of the luxuries thrown in. That's what's made us sort of independent and Rip-Van-Winkleish We don't have to hustle to live.—Wilmington Star

Under the new State pension law recently enacted all soldiers and widows whether heretofore enrolled or not, are required to make application anew at the court house of their county on the 1st Monday in July next, when their applications will be duly passed upon and the applicants properly classified. This is important, and all parties interested should take due notice of the same.

Our contemporary, the Newbern Journal, commenting upon the marked improvement in the Eastern Carolina journalistic world, says:

"And with all this improvement in the Eastern Carolina Newspaper field, it is an agreeable circumstance, that politics are found pretty nearly eliminated from the columns of these newspapers, and that the leading thought is, local building up.

"This is a good sign for continued advancement and prosperity, for communities and newspapers."

Says the Biblical Recorder: "We have at last come to the end of the political war. Now may the people and the churches have rest; and may all Christian people give no countenance to those 'leaders' who may seek again to make fellow-citizens hate one another. Now is the time for us to establish a new political basis in North Carolina, recognizing the right of any man to vote as he pleases and demanding that politicians shall wage their campaigns on principles instead of passion. It is with the people."

For the merchant who hesitates over the cost of advertsing, there is a chance of failure in his business, and the merchant who labors day and night in his store, without using printer's ink on the outside in liberal quantities, will find small returns for his individual labor, unless combined with advertising.

Advertising does not come under the head of "luxuries," in the mercantile world, today.

It is as necessary as first class location, the best class of goods and the best of clerk help.

Federal Court adjourned here Friday. The session was a more than usually important one. Of the three principal cases on the trial docket, Lee, colored of Edenton, charged with violation of the postal laws was acquitted, as was also Evans, the gentleman who "happened to have" five barrels of unstamped whiskey in his barn. A. Alexander of Tyrrell, who manipulated mails so successfully at the expense of the wholesalers, got 18 months, a $500 fine and costs. He seemed to think he had no kick coming on the result of the verdict and the defrauded firms evidently thought the same.

A number of the socially inclined gave rein to their merry mood last Thursday evening at the Academy of Music, the scene of an impromptu, but most enjoyable little after-lental german Those present were: Miss Lizzie Bateman of Edenton with Mr. Camden Melick, Miss Helen Martin with Mr. W. T. Old, Miss Margaret Hollowell with Mr. R. P. Jenkins, Miss Eva Palin with Mr. G. R. Little, Miss Kate Leary of Edenton with Dr. E. F. Martin, Miss Mabel Minson of Baltimore with Mr. Crayton Burgess, Miss Mabel Whitehurst of Norfolk with Mr. George Pendleton, Miss Nannie Burgess with Mr. Weyland Hayes, Miss Katie Eheringhaus with Mr. Frank Hollowell, Miss Gertie Greenleaf with Mr. Geo. Scott Jr., Miss Mary Grice with Mr. Wm. Griffin, Lieutenant and Mrs. R. O. Crisp, Mr. and Mrs. P. W. McMullen, Mr. and Mrs. Mac Griffin, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. McCabe.

Chaperons: Mrs. Frank Dexter, Mrs. Mattie Leary and Mrs. T. G. Skinner of Edenton.

Stags: Messrs. Howland Fearing, Wilson Hollowell, Frank Bateman, Martin Fearing, Frank Leary of Edenton, and Dr. G. G. Bell of Oriental.

The german was gracefully led by Mr. W. T. Old. Music by the Italian Orchestra.

The Wilmington Star speaking of the attendance of representative men of wealth at the Educational Conference held at Winston-Salem during the week just passed, says:

"As far as we can judge their attention will be principally centered on colored and industrial schools. Whether this visit is the result of a suggestion to that effect made some time ago by a northern paper, we do not know, but the result will probably be to stimulate a livelier interest in our Southern schools among men who donate money for educational purposes, very little of which has been given to Southern schools by wealthy men on the other side of the line. What has been done for education in the South has been practically done by the Southerners themselves, although there are very few millionaires among them."

It is worthy of notice that the swamp lands of the United States are being rapidly bought up by capitalists. The plan, as a rule, is to cut down and sell the timber and then drain the swamps with a view to making the property arable and healthful. Drained swamp lands usually make fine farms. The soil is rich and moist and fertile.

A week or two ago many thousands of acres of swamp land were sold in North Carolina; this sale being the culmination of a series of smaller transactions. Last week the famous Okeefenokoe Swamp in Georgia, comprising 354,000 acres and having a circumference of 137 miles, was sold to a Michican lumber firm for $175,000—about fifty cents an acre. The great Dismal Swamp of Virginia and North Carolina will go the way of Okeefenokee before long. The land included in it is too valuable to remain undrained.—Norfolk Landmark.

Two very important, and we believe and hope far-reaching events occurred in this State during the week. One was, the meeting of the Southern Educational Association at Winston-Salem which was largely attended by men prominent in the nations journalistic and educational world. The other was a dinner given by the Southern Manufacturers Club at Charlotte at which addresses were delivered by his Excellency, Mr. Wu Fing Tang, the able Chinese minister to this country, and by Senator M'Laurin of South Carolina, the prominent political representative of the new industrial spirit of the South.

Commenting on the newly appointed Judges, Geo. A. Jones and Frank D. Winston, the Biblical Recorder says: We do not know Mr. Jones. Mr. Winston is a well known politician. In his appointment the Governor was evidently indifferent to the elements supposed to be essential to that quality designated as judicial. Mr. Winston was a member of the General Assembly increasing the number of judgeships. Ordinarily this should debar one from being appointed. We cannot avoid the impression that the Governor suffers a distinct loss of prestige by this appointment.

LOCAL MENTION

The sun rose this morning at 5:14 and will set to-night at 6:42.—The weather man announces that weather, warm and fair, so long belated, will gladden the agricultural heart during the coming week.—Dr. Woodson Fearing of Manteo was in the city during the week.—Mrs. W. H. Zoeller and daughter are visiting in Hampton Va.—Mrs. M. C. Hathaway of Norfolk is the guest of her sons Messrs. A. C. and J. D. Hathaway in this city.—Miss Mabel Whitehurst, one of Norfolk's popular daughters, who has been the guest of Miss Allen on Road St, returned home Saturday.—Miss Kate Leary of Edenton has been the guest of Miss Greenleaf on Main St, during the week.—We see that the so-called Independent-Democratic candidates for Aldermanic honors in the recent city contest object quite strenuously to the recent reading-out-of-the-party accorded them by our contemporary the Economist. One of them has appeared in a card of protest.—Mr. J. H. Parker, of Hertford, and Mr. James Twine, of Edenton, were the guests of Mrs. Jerry Wilcox during the week.—

Though our lives fall far short of ambitions proud scheme.
There is balm in the thought that we've dreamed a big dream.

—It appears that we were mis-informed in regard to the mis-direction of the telegram addressed to Mr. Stephens, the salesman who died at the Arlington last week, comment upon which was made in a previous issue. The telegram was addressed to the party in question and was duly delivered but was disclaimed by him. It is with pleasure that we thus remove any undeserved imputation of negligence upon the part of the local representative of the Telegraph Company.—Mr. Crayton Burges, now a some-time resident of Virginia, is visiting his family in this city.—The weather for April has so far been extraordinary. It is the coolest seige we have had in many a year. Farmers have been greatly retarded in the planting of truck and the regular crops will also be backward.—The Revenue Cutter, Boutwell, is on Scott's Ways, this port, for repairs. The afternoon concerts of her excellent marine band are proving an attraction for the strollers.—Capt. Flint of the little yacht Decoy, Philadelphia, and party are cruising in these waters. They spent Sunday in the city.—Miss Annie Carter of Fairfield is the guest of Miss Mattie Bland on Church St.—Mr. Z. G. Burrus of Hatteras is registered at the Arlington.—The usual services at the various churches Sunday. The Rev. J. B. Hurly of Raleigh, N. C., occupied the Methodist pulpit morning and evening, and favored his hearers with two thoughtful addresses. He was here in the interest of the Methodist Orphanage. His appeal, we understand, brought forth a generous contribution.—We are informed that there is an effort on foot to again assure an annual agricultural Fair to be held in this city. The cause is one to which we give our hearty support It is an institution which is of the greatest advantage to an agricultural community. It tends to produce a spirit of competition and emulation among our farmers and stock-raisers, to say nothing of spirited struggle for the blue ribbons, indicative of house-keeping supremacy, in the ladies department. A good Fair is a great advertiser and developer. It opens up the eyes of a community to a full appreciation of its own resources and possibilities, and has a stimulating effect along all lines of agricultural and industrial development. But few country fairs, however, prove to be direct money-makers. They demand the public spirited support of their local business worlds, which must look for their reward in indirect returns, to assure their existence Query: Is our local business world willing to give this assurance?—The practical poet furnishes us with the following:

While you sing of lovely spring time,
"Winter's come and gone,"
You'd better, as you hum the rhyme,
Keep your flannels on!

—We see the statement made that Mr. N. S. Tucker, an experienced manufacturer of "mountain dew," is soon to establish a large distillery here.—Miss Mamie Miller of Hatteras is the guest of Mrs. Jarvis Seeley, on Poindexter street.—Mr. F. M. Dexter left Saturday for Boston to visit his parents.—A little disturbance was produced here Saturday by an altercation between two colored sailors from the fish hatchery boat Boutwell and a couple of white citizens. The negroes it is reported were obstructing the sidewalk and refused to give passage to pedestrians. In the fisticuff contest which followed one of the two white men, who were endeavoring to force a passage, received a rather ugly cut above the left eye. The majesty of the law then asserted itself and the two sailors cooled their heels in quad during Sunday. Monday morning Mayor Wilson meeted out justice to the offenders in the shape of a fine of $25 and costs. Up to the time of shis occurrence the men from the Boutwell have been most orderly in this port. The affair is to be regretted and we hope will find no repetition.—Miss Lucy P. Battle, of Raleigh is the guest of the Misses Albertson, on Church street.—Mrs. E. J. Baker, of Norfolk, is visiting Mrs. M. E. Fearing on Road street.—An observation party, (to know what that is you will have to go and "rubber-neck" yourself,) is billed for this evening to be held in the vacant building next door to the old Etheridge home on North Road street. Entertainment for the benefit of Road Street Chapel.—A Ministerial Union was organized in the Baptist Church on Monday, 22nd inst. The purpose of the movement is to foster the spirit of harmony between the denominations and for mutual help in christian aid. Officers elected for three months were: Rev. Hugh W. White, chairman and Rev. D. P. Harris, secretary.—Anchoree Lodge, No. 14, I. O. O. F. by its Secretary, H. O. Hill, hereby announces that it will have its Anniversary Sermon at the Methodist church Sunday night. April 28th, 1901. The members will meet at the Lodge room at 7:30 p. m. All visiting brothers are invited to unite with it.—One of the enjoyable events of the season from the shopping public's stand-point was the Grand Opening at Moses Weisel's large, new, commodious and well stocked Department Store on Water St. during the week. Music and tasty decorations enlivened the occasion. A special corps of clerks ministered to the wants of the attending crowds. Mr. Weisel is one of our most progressive merchants and we can say in all frankness that his present establishment is a credit not only to the city but to this section of the State.—The classes in Elocution and Music at the A. C. Institute will give a Recital Friday night, April 26, at 8 o'clock, to which the public are cordially invited. Admission free.—Among the Editor's callers the past were Mr. E. C. Potter, Soliciting Agent of the N. & S. R. R. and Ex-Sheriff Cudworth of Dare county.

LOST OR STRAYED.

One bay colt, mare 3 years old. When last seen was near Dr. Ritter's Drug Store. Information concerning whereabouts of said colt will be thankfully received by

JOHN BATEMAN,
April 16, 1901 Poolsville, N. C.

FULMER & WHITEHURST

(Successors to Fulmer & Co.,)

Have increased their assortment of the choicest Fruits, Confections, cakes, Breakfast Bacon, Heinz's Mince meat Preserves and Apple-butter, New Raisins and Turkish layer Figs; Largest assortment of Canned Meats, Salmon and Sardines, Imported Olive Oil, Extra quality Canned Fruits and Vegetables such as Peaches, Plums, Pears, Pineapple, Apricots and White Cherries, Extra fine Sugar Corn, French Peas, Tomatoes, Beans, Rhubarb and Succotash; also, neat variety of Cereal and Health Foods, Oatmeal, Wheat-flakes and Breakfast Foods.

We will appreciate a share of your trade. Our prices are right and we can please you.

Telephone 17,

M. B. Culpepper. J. B. Culpepper

M. B. Culpepper, & Son.

—DEALERS IN—

Staple and Fancy

Groceries

Corner Road and Ehringhaus Streets.

We keep on hand the best selected Groceries, Confectionaries and Fruits. Country Produce bought and sold.

Free delivery of goods to any part of the city.

Phone 58. E. City, N. C.

Our Colored People.

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

Rev. M. M. Butler who has been spending several months with his parents here returned on Saturday to Philadelphia.

Mr. Wesley Weeks who has been in New York for several years is at home on brief visit.

Mrs. L. V. Skinner made a brief visit to Powell's Point last week.

The educational meeting at the Presbyterian church last evening was well attended and thoroughly enjoyed by those present.

We beg to acknowledge an invitation to attend the closing exercises of Albemarle Training School, Edenton, April 28-May 3. The annual address and the sermon will be delivered by Principal J. W. Robinson and Rev. H. H. Norman, respectively, both of whom are of this city.

The Recruit's Religion.

Captain Philip Trevor begins a paper in The Nineteenth Century on "The Catholicism of the British Army" as follows:

"What's yer religious persuasion?" said the sergeant to the recruit.

"My what?"

"Yer what? Why, what I said. What's yer after o' Sundays?"

"Rabbits mostly."

"'Ere, stow that lip. Come, now, chu'ch, chapel or 'oly Roman?"

And after explanation from his questioner the recruit replied: "I ain't no-wise pertickler. Put me down chu'ch o' England, sergeant. I'll go with the band."

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

COMFORTABLE HOMES.

Desirable locations, for rent or sale, easy terms to reliable parties. Apply to R. P Jenkins. Eliz. City, N. C.

WANTED.—Capable and reliable person in every county to represent large company of solid financial reputation; $936 salary per year, payable weekly; $3 per day absolutely sure and all expenses; straight, bona-fide definite salary, no commission; salary paid each Saturday and expense money advanced each week. STANDARD HOUSE, 334 Dearborn St., Chicago. Jly 11

Normal and Industrial Institute,

Agricultural and Mechanical.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

TRADES FOR BOYS AND GIRLS. STRONG LITERARY COURSE.

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FRED DAVIS

DEALER IN

COAL.

Coal of all sizes and of best quality constantly on hand. All orders are promptly filled

All coal is screened before leaving the yard. Lowest prices guaranteed.

How Are Your Kidneys?

Dr. Hobbs' Sparagus Pills cure all kidney ills. Sample free. Add. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N. Y.

THOS. C. JONES, R. HENRY RAPER, WALTER S. CARTWRIGHT.

JONES, RAPER & Co

Our stock is now in and opened and we are ready for business. We have one of the nicest and finest stocks of

Clothing, Shoes, Hats and Gents' Furnishing Goods

That has ever been brought to Elizabeth City, Every department full of novelties, rich in quality and style. We are sure that we can please you because we keep the best.

Our Principle **Fair Dealing With All.**

Taking Turkish, Vapor, or Medicated

All the luxuries of a HOT SPRINGS ... They are BEAUTIFUL and REFRESHING ... IN YOUR OWN ... new and improved THERMAL BATH CABINETS are AUTOMATIC ... steamed, ... WITHOUT ANY ASSISTANCE ... CLEANLINESS, VIGOR and BEAUTY ... Cold, La Grippe and Yearns. PHYSICIANS ... Catarrh, Head, Throat and Lung Diseases, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Female Troubles, Kidney Troubles, Skin Diseases, Obesity, Etc. ... PURIFY SALTS, ACID AND POISONOUS MATTER which, if not ... PRICES ... EVERY WHERE ... Standard Bath Cabinet Co., Toledo, Ohio.

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS

Preside in the household when the dinner table is furnished with good things from our up-to-date and standard stock of

GROCERIES

Men must eat. Realizing this fundamental truth we are giving them the opportunity of eating of the best. Our stores are large; our stock is large; our motto is to please. Follow the crowd and go to

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FREE DISTRIBUTION OF

CEDARINE FURNITURE POLISH

TO THE HOUSEKEEPERS OF ELIZABETH CITY.

We want everybody to try the best Furniture Polish in the world. It will renew the polish on furniture, frames and all wood-work; removing scars and scratches and making a beautiful finish. Easily applied. Positively cannot injure the finish.

Try the bottle we send you. See how easily your furniture can be improved and let us sell you some of it.

P. W. Melick

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Standard PHARMACY

—FOR—

Pure Drugs

CHOICE CIGARS

Stationery and Toilet Articles.

Prescriptions a Specialty

POINDEXTER ST. (NEAR CENTRAL HOTEL.)

NO "MIXING" HERE!

No mixing of the new and old clothing at Weisel's—"not on your photograph." The best of the newest fashions is none too good for our patrons. This store keeps customers side by side with style every day, in material, in varieties, in worthful making.

The latest of the new stylish Silk Foulards—all shades and designs—beautiful for both Dresses and Waists, 79cts and 60cts the yard.

What is handsomer than a nice black skirt? Stylish up-to-now Crepons 50c, 69c, 79c, 85c and $1.25.

They are Yankee made these stylish Flannelettes? Exact patterns of the expensive imported French flannels? double fold 38 inches wide, price not 75cts but 15cts the yard.

Hamburg Remnants for 4c, 8c and 10c the yard, 4½ yards in each piece, worth double.

MAY ALL BE STYLISH

Nature loves contrasts; she contradicts herself in nearly every face? Only art contrives to duplicate its own beauty. Of course, we can't all be beautiful, but we may be stylish. We don't pretend to remodel a face. Yet we can make it interesting and fair to look at. The artfulness of our Millinery is nature's assistant. We fit your face. We suit your style. We improve your looks.

BOYS' CLOTHING

The worthy sort. It is because of the careful attention we give to our Boy's Clothing Department that this store is recognized by boys and parents alike—as a place where satisfaction is always given.

LADIES SHOES—Nice looking and serviceable, kid uppers, patent or plain kid tips, medium weight, solid soles, Lace and Button—Spring Heel and Heel for $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 etc, etc.

BUILT FOR BUSINESS—The World Known $3.00 shoe for men.

The best in the world our HU-MAN-IC shoe for men combining ease, grace and durability—price $4.00.

Your attention is especially called to

OUR CLOTHING STORE

This has always been quite a successful part of our business, but this season under new management with a stock surpassed by none and equalled not by any, we are offering immense bargains. Mens suits for $1.98—coat, pants, and vest.

Suits for $2.50, $4.98, $6.00 and on up to the finest and best Do yourself the justice to look at these goods.

SHIRTS The worthy kind—Bedford Cords—Batiste, Percale &c, collars attached and detached, beautiful designs. Colors of every hue..... .....,50

WEISEL'S NEW STORES,

18, 20, 22 and 24 Main St.

DEERING AT PARIS IN 1900.

The Famous Chicago Harvester Company Received More and Greater Honors Than Were Ever Before Accorded an American Exhibitor in the History of Expositions.

America may well feel proud of the interest which her citizens took in the Paris Exposition and the elaborate exhibits which were prepared with consummate skill and displayed in a manner not excelled by any other country. Those of Harvesting Machinery in particular were most complete and interesting. The Deering Harvester Company, of Chicago, America's foremost manufacturer of this line of goods, was accorded the position of honor, having contributed more to the advancement of the art of harvesting than any other manufacturer, living or dead, and with a greater array of important inventions to its credit than any other company in the world.

Visitors to the Exposition were prompt to accord the Deering exhibits supreme honors, and it only remained for official mandate to ratify the popular verdict, which was done in a manner as substantial as it was well-merited. Each one of the seven Deering exhibits secured the highest award in its class.

In addition to four high decorations, the Deering Harvester Company received twenty-five awards, or twenty-nine in all, as follows: Decoration of Officer of the Legion of Honor, Decoration of Chevalier of the Legion of Honor, Two Decorations of Officer of Merite Agricole, a Special Certificate of Honor, The Grand Prize, Six Gold Medals, Six Silver Medals and Eleven Bronze Medals, including Deering Collaborator Medals.

The Decoration of Legion of Honor was instituted by Napoleon Bonaparte when First Consul in 1802, and is only conferred in recognition of distinguished military or civil achievements. It is the highest distinction in the gift of the French Republic.

The Decoration of Merite Agricole is an honor of but slightly less importance, which is conferred upon those who have contributed greatly to the advancement of agriculture.

An Official Certificate of Honor was accorded the Deering Retrospective Exhibit, which showed the improvements in harvesting machinery during the past century, and excited the highest praise of the French Government Officials who had entrusted to the Deering Harvester Company the preparation of this most important exhibit. By special request this exhibit has been presented to the National Museum of Arts and Sciences at Paris, where it has become a permanent future of that world-famed institution.

The Deering Twine Exhibit and Corn Harvester Exhibit, both of which received the highest awards, have by request of the French Government been presented to the National Agricultural College of France.

There was no field trial, either official or otherwise, in connection with the Paris Exposition, but the most important foreign contest the past season was held under the auspices of the Russian Expert Commission at the Governmental Farm of Tomsk, Siberia, August 14th to 18th. All the leading American and European machines participated and were subjected to the most difficult tests by the Government Agriculturist. The Expert Commission awarded the Deering Harvester Company the Grand Silver Medal of the Minister of Agriculture and Domain, which was the highest award.

The Deering Harvester Works are the largest of their kind in the world, covering eighty-five acres and employing 9000 people. They are equipped with modern automatic machines, many of which perform the labor of from five to fifteen hands.

This Company is also the largest manufacturer of Binder Twine in the world, having been first to produce single-strand binder twine, such as is in general use today, making over a third of the product of the entire world. The output of its factory for a single day would tie a band around the earth at the equator, with several thousand miles to spare. The annual production would fill a freight train twenty miles long. Made into a mat two feet wide, it would reach across the American Continent from ocean to ocean.

Deering machines are known as LIGHT DRAFT DEALS, consisting of Binders, Mowers, Reapers, Corn Harvesters, Shredders and Rakes.

This Company exhibited at the Paris Exposition an Automobile Mower, which attracted much attention, and exhibitions were given with one of these machines in the vicinity of Paris throughout the season.

A Danger.

"Do you ever look back on your life and reflect on the opportunities you have missed?" inquired the melancholy man.

"No, sir," answered the hustler. "It would be just my luck to miss some more while I was brooding over what can't be helped."—Washington Star.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee. 15c and 25c. per package. Sold by all grocers.

It is estimated by the Missionary Review that there are now in the world 355 mission hospitals and 753 dispensaries. In the course of the year there were 93,000 in-patients, 2,579,651 individual patients were attended to, and 6,647,840 visits were paid.

A salad is like a woman. A great deal depends upon the dressing.

Lane's Family Medicine

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50 cents.

Of Aguinaldo's age there is great doubt. The estimates range from twenty-seven to thirty-two. He himself does not know the year in which he was born, but 1874 is believed to be the correct date. He is five feet four inches in height, an accomplished linguist, and as a general has been called the "Filipino Napoleon."

No living thing is so lonesome as a friendless child.

If You Have Dyspepsia

Send no money, but write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., Box 148, for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Restorative; express paid. If cured, pay $5.50; if not, it is free.

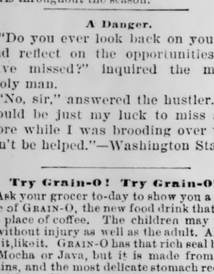
It is easier for the average woman to pass a counterfeit thousand-dollar bill than a photographer's window.

DO YOU FEEL LIKE THIS?

Pen Picture for Women.

"I am so nervous, there is not a well inch in my whole body. I am so weak at my stomach and have indigestion horribly, and palpitation of the heart, and I am losing flesh. This headache and backache nearly kills me, and yesterday I nearly had hysterics; there is a weight in the lower part of my bowels bearing down all the time, and pains in my groins and thighs; I cannot sleep, walk, or sit, and I believe I am diseased all over; no one ever suffered as I do."

This is a description of thousands of cases which come to Mrs. Pinkham's attention daily. An inflamed and ulcerated condition of the neck of the womb can produce all of these symptoms, and no woman should allow herself to reach such a perfection of misery when there is absolutely no need of it. The subject of our portrait in this sketch, Mrs. Williams of Englishtown, N.J., has been entirely cured of such illness and misery by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and the guiding advice of Mrs. Pinkham of Lynn, Mass.



MRS. JOHN WILLIAMS.

No other medicine has such a record for absolute cures, and no other medicine is "just as good." Women who want a cure should insist upon getting Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound when they ask for it at a store. Anyway, write a letter to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., and tell her all your troubles. Her advice is free.

ROBBED BY ITS MANAGER

A National Bank in Iowa Closed Pending an Examination.

OFFICER RUINED BY SPECULATION

T. F. Ward, Vice-President of the National Bank, at Le Mars, Iowa, Absconded With $30,000—Left a Note Saying That He Was Going, "God Knows Where"—Bank is Heavily Involved.

Sioux City, Iowa.—The Le Mars National Bank, at Le Mars, Iowa, did not open for business on Wednesday. Thomas F. Ward, Vice-President and manager of the institution, is a self-confessed embezzler to the amount of $25,000 or $30,000. He has also absconded. It is alleged he took $30,000 with him or lost it during the past few days in speculation, as it is missing from the vault of the bank.

Two days after Ward departed Cashier Frank Koob received a letter from Ward beginning: "Dear Frank: I leave to-night, for God Almighty knows where. This Board of Trade business has ruined me. Save me from indictment if you can. I will pay back every cent I can."

Then the writer specified the funds from which he had been stealing to cover his losses. The officers of the bank are: President, V. G. P. MacLagan, who is in Scotland; Vice-President, T. F. Ward; Cashier, Frank Koob, the only officer in town; Directors, J. J. Tierney and John Linden, both in Hot Springs, Ark. Cashier Koob, in the absence of advice, closed the doors and posted a notice that an Examiner would be placed in charge.

The defunct bank was organized a number of years ago by William H. Dent. He left the State after disposing of the institution. Ward coming from Primghar, Iowa, to be manager. The bank was capitalized for $100,000, and at the date of the last statement, February 15, showed $108,000 deposits.

Ward was a member of the Democratic State Central Committee. Mrs. Ward is dangerously ill at her home, having given birth to a child a week ago. News of her husband's disgrace is withheld from her.

CIGARETTE FIENDS POOR SCHOLARS

Not One in an Indiana School Doing Excellent Work.

Bloomington, Ind.—The Educational Society has secured figures which show that of the 215 boys in grades four to eight, inclusive, in the Bloomington schools, sixty-eight, or thirty-one per cent., have smoked cigarettes from one month to three years and that not a single boy who smokes has made an excellent record in his class work. Of those who smoke the figures show that forty-six per cent. fail of promotion and that fourteen have spent two or more years in the grades in which they now are.

The statistics show that in grade four the average of the boys is 10.9 years. There is a larger per cent. in the eighth grade who smoke than in any other, the exact figures being forty-one per cent. Here the average age was 15.3 years.

TELEPATHY'S AWFUL MESSAGE.

Choir Singer Broke Down at the Exact Moment Her Sister Died Far Away.

Cleveland, Ohio.—In the midst of a song at Trinity Congregational Church Mrs. A. A. Langdon, a noted baritone singer, stopped suddenly and left the platform, with tears streaming down her face. She was assisted to the dressing room by her husband, where she burst out into hysterical crying.

"Something awful has happened," she cried. Her husband tried to soothe her and to assure her there was nothing wrong, but she was unable to resume her singing. She was taken to her hotel in a carriage, and there she received a telegram from Asheville, N. C., announcing the death of her sister.

Mrs. Langdon left the platform at 9.05 o'clock, the exact moment that her sister expired.

PREACHER WANTS HIS SALARY.

Has Seized a Church Which He is Holding For the Debt.

Cleveland, Ohio.—The Rev. Benjamin F. Vankirk, pastor of the Fohl Memorial United Brethren Church, of this city, locked the doors of his church two weeks ago and has steadily refused to allow the congregation to worship within its walls, because he claims he cannot get his back salary. Now he has posted on the door:

"Absolutely no Admittance in the Absence of B. T. Vankirk or His Legal Representative. Property for Sale."

It is claimed by the Trustees that the preacher represented to them that he could sell the church property. He induced the transfer of the real estate to his wife and the personal property to himself. Vankick sued the Trustees and was given a judgment for several hundred dollars. He was, however, enjoined from collecting the judgment.

A War Tax Declared Invalid.

The tax of ten cents on export bills of lading imposed by the War Revenue law was declared invalid by the United States Supreme Court, at Washington, the decision, however, being that of a bare majority of the justices.

Steyn Re-Elected President.

A Cape Town dispatch says that forty Boers recently met at Bashof and solemnly re-elected Mr. Steyn President of the Orange Free State.

Preacher Killed by a Fall.

The Rev. George B. Reeser, pastor of the Emanuel Reformed Church at Hanover, Penn., fell a distance of fifty feet from the scaffold of a new church which his congregation is building. He landed on a stone pile and died in half an hour.

Up Goes the Price of Cans.

The American Tin Can Company, at Chicago, has advanced the price of tin cans twenty-five per cent. The advance was made to conform with the price of tin plate.

Prominent People.

Sir George Murray Smith, the well-known London publisher, is dead.

Andrew Carnegie has been re-elected to the General Committee of the American Society.

It is to be recognized that General Cassius M. Clay at ninety-two is just as young as he shoots.

King Edward VII. has purchased a French motor phaeton capable of making fifty miles an hour.

Ibsen, the Norwegian dramatist, has just passed successfully through the grip and his seventy-fourth birthday.

Senator Bailey, of Texas, has declared for Carter Harrison for Democratic candidate for Vice-President in 1904.

Quartermaster-General Ludington has resumed his duties at the War Department in Washington after two weeks in Cuba.

It is said that the railroad president with the largest salary is Charles M. Hays, of the Southern Pacific, who receives $55,000 a year.

Sir Arthur Power Palmer, K. C. B., the new Commander-in-Chief in India, is one of the tallest men in the British army. He is six feet four inches in height, and is nicknamed "Long P."

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

MILK.

The Milk Exchange price for standard quality is 2½c. per quart.

BUTTER.			
Creamery—West, extra	$ —	@$	21
Firsts	20	@	20½
Seconds	18½	@	19½
State dairy tubs, extra	19½	@	20
Imitation creamery	13½	@	18
Factory finest	13	@	13½
Low grades	11½	@	12
CHEESE.			
State—Full cream, fancy	11	@	11¼
Small	12	@	12¼
Part skims, good to prime	6	@	7
Full skims	1½	@	2
EGGS.			
Jersey—Fancy	14	@	15½
State and Penn.	14	@	15½
Western—Choice	14	@	14½
Southern—Choice	13	@	13½
Duck eggs	16	@	20
Goose eggs	25	@	30
BEANS AND PEAS.			
Beans—Marrow, choice, 1900	2 40	@	2 45
Medium	2 00	@	2 05
Pea, choice	2 10	@	2 12½
Red kidney, choice	2 05	@	2 10
White kidney, choice	2 25	@	2 30
Yellow eye	2 50	@	2 55
Lima, Cal.	—	@	4 10
Green peas, bags	—	@	1 17½
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Apples, Ben Davis, per bbl.	2 50	@	4 00
Baldwin, per bbl.	2 50	@	3 50
Greening, per bbl.	2 50	@	3 50
Strawberries, Fla., per qt.	15	@	30
Cranberries, per bbl.	6 00	@	8 50
LIVE POULTRY.			
Fowls, per lb.	—	@	10½
Chickens, per lb.	—	@	9
Roosters, per lb.	—	@	6½
Turkeys, per lb.	—	@	9
Ducks, per pair	50	@	80
Geese, per pair	70	@	1 12
Pigeons, per pair	35	@	40
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Turkeys, per lb.	7	@	11
Capons, per lb.	10	@	15
Fowls, State & Penn., per lb	10	@	10½
Chickens, Phila., per lb.	11	@	17
Ducks, per lb.	12	@	13
Geese, per lb.	9½	@	10
Squabs, per dozen	1 50	@	2 50
HOPS.			
State—1900, choice, per lb.	—	@	19
1899, prime	—	@	14
Pacific coast—1900, choice	18	@	18
1899, poor to choice	8	@	14
Old odds	2	@	5
HAY AND STRAW.			
Hay—Prime, per 100 lb.	95	@	97½
No. 1, per 100 lb.	90	@	92½
No. 2, per 100 lb.	85	@	87½
Clover mixed, per 100 lb.	72½	@	75
Straw, long rye	85	@	90
VEGETABLES.			
Potatoes, West., per bbl.	1 25	@	1 62
State, per sack	1 40	@	1 50
Sweets, per bbl.	1 50	@	2 50
Onions—Orange Co., per bag	2 00	@	3 25
Conn., red, per bbl.	2 00	@	4 00
Conn., white, per bbl.	2 50	@	5 00
Cabbages, per bbl.	1 75	@	2 50
Turnips, per bbl.	75	@	80
Tomatoes, per carrier	1 00	@	2 00
String beans, per crate	1 50	@	4 00
Egg plant, per box	2 00	@	3 50
Peppers, per carrier	1 50	@	2 25
Celery, per dozen	20	@	85
Lettuce, per basket	1 00	@	3 00
Beets, per crate	75	@	1 00
Spinach, per bbl.	50	@	1 00
Squash, marrow, bbl.	1 00	@	1 25
Peas, per basket	1 00	@	3 50
Kale, per bbl.	75	@	85
Carrots, per 100 ounches	2 00	@	3 00
Radishes, per basket	1 50	@	2 00
Parsley, per crate	50	@	1 00
GRAIN, ETC.			
Flour—Winter patents	3 60	@	4 00
Spring patents	3 90	@	4 20
Wheat—No. 1 N. Duluth	—	@	86¾
No. 2 red	70	@	70½
Corn—No. 2	50¼	@	50½
Oats—No. 2 white	32¾	@	33
Track mixed	30½	@	31½
Rye—Western	60	@	60½
State	56	@	57
Lard, city	—	@	8.15c.
LIVE STOCK.			
Beeves, city dressed	7	@	8
Calves, city dressed	6	@	9
Country dressed	5	@	7½
Sheep, per 100 lb.	—	@	4 75
Lambs, per 100 lb.	5 00	@	5 75
Hogs, live, per 100 lb.	6 10	@	6 45
Country dressed	5½	@	8½

TOBACCO.

Domestic cigar leaf continues quiet with, however, somewhat more inquiry. Havana tobacco is fairly active. Sumatra tobacco is still quiet. Western tobacco is inactive, but firm.

PRAISE FOR AMERICAN WAGONS.

General Roberts Says They Are the Best in Use in South Africa.

London.—The Official Gazette contains Field Marshal Roberts's report on the field transport in South Africa. He speaks in the highest terms of American buckwagons, saying:

"Six buckwagons were imported for trial from the United States. They proved superior to any other pattern, either of Cape or English manufacture. The superiority of these wagons is doubtless due to the fact that mule wagons are largely used in America for the carriage of goods as well as for military transport, and the manufacturers have learned from practical experience what is the best type of wagon and what are the most suitable materials to employ in building it. It may be added that the wagon in question cost considerably less than Bristol pattern wagons."

BIRTH OF DRY GOODS TRUST.

Takes a Charter Given to a Construction Company in Connecticut.

Hartford, Conn.—The Associated Merchants' Company, the organization which has taken over the dry goods business of several large New York houses, obtained its name from the present Connecticut Legislature early in the session by the passage of a resolution changing the titles of the Columbia Construction Company to the Associated Merchants' Company.

The Columbia Construction Company secured its charter in 1893, the original incorporators being New London men, and the purpose at that time was apparently quite different from that of the present syndicate. The capitalization of the Construction Company is $20,000,000.

Lake Navigation Begins.

The season of lake navigation was opened by the steamboat Pentland, which passed Mackinac Straits without difficulty. The iron ore fleet will be in motion shortly, besides the many vessels that are ready at Milwaukee, Wis., and at Chicago with grain cargoes for Buffalo.

Rich Gold Reefs Found in the Transvaal

Word has been received at Pretoria that rich gold reefs have been discovered in the Murchison Range, in the Transvaal, during the war.

Peaches Will Be Plentiful.

According to reports received lately by the several produce commission merchants in New York City it is expected that the crop of peaches this year in the Southern States will be excellent. The past winter in the South, has been most favorable for the fruit buds, and the outlook for a large crop is good.

Destructive Worms in the Sugar Bush.

No maple sugar or molasses has been brought into market at West Winfield, N. Y. The forest worms nearly ruined the sugar orchards and farmers dare not use the sap.

Umbrella Ribmakers Combine.

A combination of umbrella rib manufacturers has been completed, and the new company, to be known as the National Umbrella Frame Company, will have headquarters in Philadelphia. There are only six firms engaged in the manufacture of umbrella ribs in this country, and their aggregate production amounts to about $1,000,000.

Moderate Movement of Wheat.

The interior movement of wheat and corn is moderate, owing to bad country roads, and it is likely to continue so during the period of active spring work on the farms.

MILNER IS DISCOURAGED

Says South African Conditions Are Worse Than Last Summer.

GRANTED A LEAVE OF ABSENCE

The Boers May Renew Peace Negotiations—They Objected to His Participation in the Last Conference—His Last Review of the Situation Not Optimistic—The Damage to the Mines.

London.—A blue book has been issued giving Sir Alfred Milner's request, made on April 3, for leave of absence from South Africa, on the ground that he had worked continuously for two years and unless he obtained rest he would be unable to superintend the work of reconstruction.

Colonial Secretary Chamberlain, in reply, said he regretted the necessity for Sir Alfred leaving South Africa, but he recognized that a leave of absence was unavoidable, and he granted three months.

The blue book contains a long review of the situation written by Sir Alfred Milner at Cape Town, on February 6, which, while not despondent, is in nowise optimistic. It is no use denying, he says, that the last half year has been one of retrogression. Seven months ago the colony was perfectly quiet as far as the Orange River. The southern half of the Orange Free State was rapidly settling down. A considerable portion of the Transvaal distinctly seemed to have accepted British authority and to have rejoiced at the opportunity to return to orderly government and peace.

Now the scene is completely altered. It would be superfluous to dwell on the increased losses to the country caused by the prolongation of the struggle. The events of the last six months will involve a greater amount of repair and a longer period of recuperation, especially for agriculture, than anybody could have anticipated when the war began.

Sir Alfred holds, however, that the economic consequences, though grave, are in no wise appalling. He dwells upon the country's recuperative powers, and especially upon the fact that the Rand and Kimberley have not been damaged. He says he is convinced that it will not be many years before the economic ravages of the war are effaced, and believes that the material destruction is less serious than the moral effect of the recrudescence of the war.

He concludes by summing up what he believes to be the last unanimous feeling of South Africans who sympathize with the British Government. He says they are sick to death of the war, which has ruined so many of them, but would rather it should continue indefinitely than risk any compromise leaving the remotest chance of its recurrence in the future. They are prepared to fight and suffer in order to make South Africa indisputably forever one country under the British system of government, but, that accomplished, they are willing to bury racial animosities. The attitude of almost all the leading representative men and the general trend of public feeling is against anything like racial exclusiveness or domination.

One of the obstacles in the recent peace negotiations between General Botha and the British was the Boer hostility to dealing with Sir Alfred Milner, who as British High Commissioner in South Africa, had become very unpopular. It was stated that a request had been made by the Boers for his withdrawal from the negotiations, but that Colonial Secretary Chamberlain had refused to permit it. There have been recent rumors of a renewal of the negotiations between General Kitchener and General Botha.

OLD SOLDIER GETS $500,000.

Bequeathed Him by a Woman Whose Life He Saved Years Ago.

Dayton, Ohio.—Henry H. Hawthorne, inmate of the Soldiers' Home here, has been made beneficiary to the amount of $500,000, left him by Mrs. Josephine Fairfax, who recently died in the south of France.

Hawthorne was born in England, and came to the United States when a boy. Later he went to England on a visit. While at Kent, bathing in the sea, he saw a woman and her son in a boat, which capsized. Hawthorne succeeded in rescuing the woman, but the son was drowned.

He returned to the United States and served in the army during the Civil War. A few years ago he met Mrs. Fairfax in England and refused a reward. He heard nothing more from her until he was informed of the bequest left to him.

HELD FOR APPLEGATE'S MURDER.

Coroner's Jury Believed Young Shinn Responsible For Rich Farmer's Death.

Trenton, N. J.—The Coroner's jury which has been investigating the death of Thomas F. Applegate, the wealthy Mercer County farmer, who was found dead in his stable under the feet of his horse with a fractured skull, brought in a verdict expressing the belief that Applegate came to his death at the hands of Samuel Shinn.

Mrs. Applegate was the principal witness. She admitted being a party to the visits of the whitecaps to her husband, but asserted that her motive was to reform her husband. She admitted that Shinn and his father were among the white caps.

Shinn will be held for the Grand Jury.

Kansas Wheat Growers to Organize.

The farmers of the wheat belt will shortly organize at Salina, Kan., and arrange for independent shipment of wheat to market. They favor direct shipment to Liverpool by many of the Gulf ports, avoiding Eastern markets.

China's Reply to Japan.

The Chinese Court has replied to the recommendations of Japan on the subject that it is impossible for the Emperor to return to Pekin until the country's guests leave.

Newsy Gleanings

The Texans are counting on a 4,000,000 bale cotton crop.

A meteorological station will be established at Tyler, Texas.

Trading and transportation companies in Alaska are to be consolidated.

The demand for American flour in the Orient is beyond shipping capacity.

The Lincoln monument at Springfield, Ohio, will be dedicated October 15.

Political agitators are busy among the thousands of idle workmen in Russia.

Automobile enthusiasts among the students at Princeton University have formed a club.

A bill to permit golf playing on Sunday has failed in the Massachusetts House, 85 to 120.

The Wyoming Legislature has passed a law making Lincoln's Birthday a legal holiday in the State.

A Russian company has secured a sixty-five-year monopoly of a transportation route in Persia.

Citizens of Duluth, Minn., have made fortunes by the rapid rise of Lake Superior iron mines taken by the Steel Trust from the Rockefellers.

War Material For Afghanistan.

The Turkish Journal Terdchumani Halikat is responsible for the statement that the ruler of Afghanistan, Emir Abdu Rachman, is taking measures to protect his country against any attack by Russia or Great Britain. The Turkish paper says that during the last twelve years forts have been built all along the frontiers of Afghanistan, and that Herat has been so fortified as to withstand any attack. The whole line, from Herat to Kandahar, is said to be protected by well-designed forts, and the army has been entirely reorganized. In less than a week over 100,000 well-drilled soldiers can be concentrated upon any desired point. The Emir is now negotiating for the purchase of 200 quick-firing and mountain guns.

Plea For Consistency.

"You are a most inconsistent woman," said Henpeck, turning at last.

"I am, eh!" she retorted. "How?"

"You insist upon having and using only the most expensive things, and yet——"

"Well? You certainly never objected to that?"

"No, but do be consistent. Don't use so much talk. It's cheap."—Philadelphia Press.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Novel Way to Predict the Weather.

A novel method of predicting the weather has been discovered by Professor A. Tommasina, a French scientist. He uses for this purpose an instrument, which he has just perfected and which he calls an "electrical radiophone." By means of it he can ascertain the exact nature of the electrical currents in the air at any moment, since the instrument is fitted with a clockwork arrangement, which registers the precise quality of each current. There are also several bells in the instrument, each of which is bound to ring whenever it is affected by a particular current. If the current is strong, a loud bell rings; if it is weak, only a slight tinkling is heard. Professor Tommasina claims that this instrument will be found of great service, especially on vessels at sea, since it will prove much more reliable than the present method of ascertaining weather conditions, which is of hardly any use except near a coast.—Electricity.

There Is a Class of People

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over ¼ as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15 cts. and 25 cts. per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

It is said that R. G. Gill, superintendent of the model rooms in the United States Patent Office at Washington, has an intimate knowledge of every one of the 700,000 models under his charge, though they range in intricacy from a fountain pen to a complicated triple expansion engine for a transatlantic liner.

R R R

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

For headache (whether sick or nervous), toothache, neuralgia, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and weakness in the back, spine or kidneys, pain around the liver, pleurisy, swelling of the joints and pains of all kinds, the application of Radway's Ready Relief will afford immediate ease, and its continued use for a few days effects a permanent cure.

CURES AND PREVENTS

Colds,	Coughs,
Sore Throat,	Hoarseness
Stiff Neck	Bronchitis,
Catarrh,	Headache
Toothache	Rheumatism
Neuralgia	Asthma
Bruises,	Sprains,

Quicker Than Any Known Remedy.

No matter how violent or excruciating the pain the Rheumatic, Bedridden, Inburn, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic or prostrated with diseases may suffer,

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Will Afford Instant Ease.

INTERNALLY—A half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Vomiting, Heartburn, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Diarrhœa, Colic, Flatulency and all internal pains. There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure fever and ague and all other malarious, bilious and other fevers, aided by RADWAY'S PILLS, so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

50 Cents per Bottle. Sold by Druggists.

BE SURE TO GET RADWAY'S.

AGENTS WANTED for the **Brohard Sash Lock and Brohard Door Holder**

Active workers everywhere can earn big money; always a steady demand for our goods. Sample sash lock, with prices, terms, etc., free for 2c stamp for postage. THE BROHARD CO., Department 12, Philadelphia, Pa.

Spring Cleaning Made Easy.

Much of the terror of spring cleaning may be avoided by proper preparation. Settled weather should be selected for the work, and a supply of all needed articles in readiness. Ivory Soap will be found best for washing windows, paints and floors; it is harmless, and very effective in making the house clean and fresh.—Eliza R. Parker.

The best collection of Chinese coins to be found outside of China has been given to the archaeological museum of the University of Pennsylvania by Rev. E. W. Twing, a Honolulu missionary. The collection goes back to a time over 2000 years ago, and includes those odd, early Chinese coins which were made in the form of spades, razors, keys, shirts and tools.

Coughing Leads to Consumption

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once, delays are dangerous.

Lightning is visible at a distance of 150 miles. Opinions differ as to how far away thunder can be heard. A French astronomer who has made observations declares that thunder can not be heard at greater distance than ten miles. An English meteorologist has counted up to 190 seconds between between the flash and the thunder, which would give a distance of twenty-seven miles from the place where the lightning occurred.

Each package of PUTNAM FADELESS DYE colors either Silk, Wool or Cotton perfectly at one boiling. Sold by all druggists.

Letter Which Went Too Quickly.

The letter boxes in the principal thoroughfares of Berlin are now cleared every fifteen minutes during the busy hours of the day. The rapidity of delivery of letters recently even resulted in the saving of a human life. A girl determined to commit suicide, wrote to her parents of her intention and posted the letter, which was delivered within an hour of its being posted. This enabled the father to hurry off in a cab to the spot in the Thiergarten which his daughter had mentioned as that where her body would be found, to catch her alive, box her ears and take her home.—Harper's Magazine.

A Time For Silence.

"Always tell the truth, my boy," counseled Uncle Allen Sparks, "but don't be always telling it."—Chicago Tribune.

Condensed Reproof.

Occasionally there is to be found a proprietor of a second-hand bookstore who is something more than the nature of his business would seem to indicate. He regards his rare and old volumes rather as a collection than a stock of goods, and experiences a pang when he parts with one.

A flippant young man dropped into a second-hand bookstore kept by a man of this kind.

Taking down several choice old books from the shelves, he fingered them carelessly and replaced them. They happened to treat of abstruse subjects and did not appeal to him.

"Are any of these books for hire?" he asked, carelessly.

"No, young man," sharply answered the proprietor. "They are for lore."—Youth's Companion.

It takes a wise woman to be able to discriminate between her opinion and her prejudice.

If Your Stomach

makes life miserable, its your own fault. Dr. Greene, the discoverer of Dr. Greene's Nervura, will tell you why this is so, and just exactly how to cure the whole trouble. This information and advice will cost you nothing. Write to Dr. Greene, 35 West 14th St., New York City.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 & $3.50 SHOES UNION MADE

The real worth of my $3.00 and $3.50 shoes compared with other makes is $4.00 to $5.00. My $4.00 GILT Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price. Best in the world for men.

I make and sell more men's fine shoes, Goodyear Welt (Hand-Sewed Process), than any other manufacturer in the world. I will pay $1,000 to any one who can prove that my statement is not true. (Signed) W. L. Douglas.

Take no substitute! Insist on having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. Your dealer should keep them; I give one dealer exclusive sale in each town. If he does not keep them and will not get them for you, order direct from factory, enclosing price and 25c. extra for carriage. Over 1,000,000 satisfied wearers. New Spring Catalog free. Fast Color Eyelets used exclusively. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

FOR GOUT, TORPID LIVER AND CONSTIPATION.

No medicine in the world can relieve you like the Natural Mineral Laxative Water, provided by nature herself and discovered more than 30 years ago and now used by every nation in the world.

Hunyadi János

Recommended by over one thousand of the most famous physicians, from whom we have testimonials, as the safest and best Natural Laxative Water known to medical science.

Its Action is Speedy, Sure and Gentle. It never gripes.

Every Druggist and General Wholesale Grocer Sells It.

ASK for the full name, "Hunyadi János." | BLUE Label with Red Centre Panel.

Sole Importer, Firm of Andreas Saxlehner, 130 Fulton St., N. Y.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in civil war. 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

"The Sauce that made West Point famous." **McILHENNY'S TABASCO.**

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PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. **CONSUMPTION**

LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

Watch our next advertisement.

A Tablespoonful to a Cup IS THE RULE FOR MAKING COFFEE.

BUT ¾ OF A TABLESPOONFUL OF

Lion Coffee

will give you stronger coffee than a tablespoonful of any other kind. Here is where you save money!

USE LION COFFEE!

Always insist upon getting it. **LION COFFEE** is absolutely pure, and not a coffee which is glazed or coated with egg mixtures or chemicals in order to hide imperfections.

In every package of **LION COFFEE** you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

Liver Don't Act?

You know very well how you feel when your liver don't act. Bile collects in the blood, bowels become constipated and your whole system is poisoned. A lazy liver is an invitation for a thousand pains and aches to come and dwell with you. Your life becomes one long measure of irritability and despondency and bad feeling. CASCARETS act directly, and in a peculiarly happy manner on the liver and bowels, cleansing, purifying, revitalizing every portion of the liver, driving all the bile from the blood, as is soon shown by increased appetite for food, power to digest it, and strength to throw off the waste. **Beware of imitations!**

"I have been troubled a great deal with a torpid liver, which produces constipation. I found CASCARETS to be all you claim for them, and secured such relief the first trial that I purchased another supply and was completely cured. I shall only be too glad to rec